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TITLE I—COMMODITY PROGRAMS

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1 SEC. 1001. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 In this title:
- 3 (1) AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1949.—The term
- 4 "Agricultural Act of 1949" means the Agricultural
- 5 Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), as in effect
- 6 prior to the suspensions under section 171 of the
- 7 Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of
- 8 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7301), section 1602(b) of the Farm
- 9 Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7
- 10 U.S.C. 7992(b)), and section 1502(b) of this Act.
- 11 (2) Base acres.—The term "base acres", with
- 12 respect to a covered commodity on a farm, means
- the number of acres established under sections 1101
- and 1302 of the Farm Security and Rural Invest-
- 15 ment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 7911, 7952), as in ef-
- 16 fect on the day before the date of the enactment of
- this Act, subject to any adjustment under section
- 18 1101 of this Act.
- 19 (3) COMPARABLE UNITED STATES QUALITY.—
- The term "Comparable United States Quality", with

1	respect to upland cotton, means upland cotton clas-
2	sified as Middling (M) $1^{3/32}$ -inch cotton with a
3	micronaire of 3.7 to 4.2, strength 30 grams per tex,
4	and uniformity of 83.
5	(4) COUNTER-CYCLICAL PAYMENT.—The term
6	"counter-cyclical payment" means a payment made
7	to producers on a farm under section 1103.
8	(5) COVERED COMMODITY.—The term "covered
9	commodity" means wheat, corn, grain sorghum, bar-
10	ley, oats, upland cotton, rice, soybeans, peanuts, and
11	other oilseeds.
12	(6) DIRECT PAYMENT.—The term "direct pay-
13	ment" means a payment made to producers on a
14	farm under section 1102.
15	(7) Effective price.—The term "effective
16	price", with respect to a covered commodity for a
17	crop year, means the price calculated by the Sec-
18	retary under section 1103 to determine whether
19	counter-cyclical payments are required to be made
20	for that crop year under that section.
21	(8) Extra long staple cotton.—The term
22	"extra long staple cotton" means cotton that—
23	(A) is produced from pure strain varieties
24	of the Barbadense species or any hybrid of the
25	species, or other similar types of extra long sta-

1	ple cotton, designated by the Secretary, having
2	characteristics needed for various end uses for
3	which United States upland cotton is not suit-
4	able and grown in irrigated cotton-growing re-
5	gions of the United States designated by the
6	Secretary or other areas designated by the Sec-
7	retary as suitable for the production of the vari-
8	eties or types; and
9	(B) is ginned on a roller-type gin or, if au-
10	thorized by the Secretary, ginned on another
11	type gin for experimental purposes.
12	(9) FAR EAST PRICE.—The term "Far East
13	price" means the Friday through Thursday average
14	price quotation for the three lowest-priced growths
15	of upland cotton, as quoted for Middling (M) $1^{3/32}$ -
16	inch cotton, delivered C/F Far East.
17	(10) Loan commodity.—The term "loan com-
18	modity" means wheat, corn, grain sorghum, feed
19	barley, malt barley, oats, upland cotton, extra long
20	staple cotton, long grain rice, medium grain rice,
21	short grain rice, soybeans, peanuts, other oilseeds,
22	wool, mohair, honey, dry peas, lentils, and small
23	chickpeas.
24	(11) OTHER OILSEED.—The term "other oil-
25	seed" means a crop of sunflower seed, rapeseed,

1	canola, safflower, flaxseed, mustard seed, crambe
2	sesame seed, or, if designated by the Secretary, an-
3	other oilseed.
4	(12) PAYMENT ACRES.—The term "payment
5	acres", with respect to a covered commodity on a
6	farm, means 85 percent of the base acres for the
7	covered commodity, on which direct payments and
8	counter-cyclical payments are made.
9	(13) PAYMENT YIELD.—The term "payment
10	yield" means the yield established for direct pay-
11	ments and counter-cyclical payments under section
12	1102 or 1302 of the Farm Security and Rural In-
13	vestment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 7912; 7952), as in
14	effect on the day before the date of the enactment
15	of this Act, for a farm for a covered commodity.
16	(14) Producer.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "producer"
18	means an owner, operator, landlord, tenant, or
19	sharecropper that shares in the risk of pro-
20	ducing a crop and is entitled to share in the
21	crop available for marketing from the farm, or
22	would have shared had the crop been produced.
23	(B) Hybrid seed.—In determining
24	whether a grower of hybrid seed is a producer,
25	the Secretary shall—

1	(i) not take into consideration the ex-
2	istence of a hybrid seed contract; and
3	(ii) ensure that program requirements
4	do not adversely affect the ability of the
5	grower to receive a payment under this
6	title.
7	(15) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
8	means the Secretary of Agriculture.
9	(16) State.—The term "State" means each of
10	the several States of the United States, the District
11	of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and
12	any other territory or possession of the United
13	States.
14	(17) Target price.—The term "target price"
15	means the price per bushel (or other appropriate
16	unit in the case of upland cotton, rice, peanuts, and
17	other oilseeds) of a covered commodity used to de-
18	termine the payment rate for counter-cyclical pay-
19	ments.
20	(18) United states.—The term "United
21	States", when used in a geographical sense, means
22	all of the States.
23	(19) United States Premium factor.—The
24	term "United States Premium Factor" means the
25	percentage by which the difference in the United

1	States loan schedule premiums for Strict Middling
2	(SM) 1½-inch cotton and for M 1¾-inch exceeds
3	the difference in the applicable premiums for com-
4	parable international qualities delivered C/F Far
5	East.
6	Subtitle A—Direct Payments and
7	Counter-Cyclical Payments
8	SEC. 1101. ADJUSTMENTS TO BASE ACRES.
9	(a) Treatment of Conservation Reserve Con-
10	TRACT ACREAGE.—
11	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall provide
12	for an adjustment, as appropriate, in the base acres
13	for covered commodities for a farm whenever either
14	of the following circumstances occurs:
15	(A) A conservation reserve contract en-
16	tered into under section 1231 of the Food Secu-
17	rity Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831) with respect
8	to the farm expires or is voluntarily terminated.
9	(B) Cropland is released from coverage
20	under a conservation reserve contract by the
21	Secretary.
22	(2) Special payment rules.—For the crop
23	year in which a base acres adjustment under para-
24	graph (1) is first made, the owner of the farm shall
25	elect to receive either direct payments and counter-

1	cyclical payments with respect to the acreage added
2	to the farm under this subsection or a prorated pay-
3	ment under the conservation reserve contract, but
4	not both.
5	(b) Prevention of Excess Base Acres.—
6	(1) REQUIRED REDUCTION.—If the sum of the
7	base acres for a farm, together with the acreage de-
8	scribed in paragraph (2), exceeds the actual crop-
9	land acreage of the farm, the Secretary shall reduce
10	the base acres for 1 or more covered commodities for
11	the farm so that the sum of the base acres and acre-
12	age described in paragraph (2) does not exceed the
13	actual cropland acreage of the farm.
14	(2) Other acreage.—For purposes of para-
15	graph (1), the Secretary shall include the following:
16	(A) Any acreage on the farm enrolled in
17	the conservation reserve program or wetlands
18	reserve program under chapter 1 of subtitle D
19	of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985
20	(16 U.S.C. 3830 et seq.).
21	(B) Any other acreage on the farm en-
22	rolled in a conservation program for which pay-
23	ments are made in exchange for not producing
24	an agricultural commodity on the acreage.

1	(3) Selection of Acres.—The Secretary shall
2	give the owner of the farm the opportunity to select
3	the base acres against which the reduction required
4	by paragraph (1) will be made.
5	(4) Exception for double-cropped acre-
6	AGE.—In applying paragraph (1), the Secretary
7	shall make an exception in the case of double crop-
8	ping, as determined by the Secretary.
9	(c) PERMANENT REDUCTION IN BASE ACRES.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The owner of a farm may
11	reduce, at any time, the base acres for any covered
12	commodity for the farm.
13	(2) Administration.—The reduction shall be
14	permanent and made in the manner prescribed by
15	the Secretary.
16	SEC. 1102. AVAILABILITY OF DIRECT PAYMENTS.
17	(a) Payment Required.—For each of the 2008
18	through 2012 crop years of each covered commodity, the
19	Secretary shall make direct payments to producers on
20	farms for which payment yields and base acres are estab-
21	lished.
22	(b) PAYMENT RATE.—The payment rates used to
23	make direct payments with respect to covered commodities
24	for a crop year are as follows:
25	(1) Wheat, \$0.52 per bushel.

1	(2) Corn, \$0.28 per bushel.
2	(3) Grain sorghum, \$0.35 per bushel.
3	(4) Barley, \$0.24 per bushel.
4	(5) Oats, \$0.024 per bushel.
5	(6) Upland cotton, \$0.0667 per pound.
6	(7) Rice, \$2.35 per hundredweight.
7	(8) Soybeans, \$0.44 per bushel.
8	(9) Other oilseeds, \$0.0080 per pound.
9	(10) Peanuts, \$36.00 per ton.
10	(e) PAYMENT AMOUNT.—The amount of the direct
11	payment to be paid to the producers on a farm for a cov-
12	ered commodity for a crop year shall be equal to the prod-
13	uct of the following:
14	(1) The payment rate specified in subsection
15	(b).
16	(2) The payment acres of the covered com-
17	modity on the farm.
18	(3) The payment yield for the covered com-
19	modity for the farm.
20	(d) Time for Payment.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of each of the
22	2008 through 2012 crop years, the Secretary may
23	not make direct payments before October 1 of the
24	calendar year in which the crop of the covered com-
25	modity is harvested.

1	(2) Advance payments.—
2	(A) Option.—At the option of the pro-
3	ducers on a farm, up to 22 percent of the direct
4	payment for a covered commodity for any of the
5	2008 through 2011 crop years shall be paid to
6	the producers in advance.
7	(B) Month.—
8	(i) Selection.—The producers shall
9	select the month within which the advance
10	payment for a crop year will be made.
11	(ii) Options.—The month selected
12	may be any month during the period be-
13	ginning on December 1 of the calendar
14	year before the calendar year in which the
15	crop of the covered commodity is harvested
16	through the month within which the direct
17	payment would otherwise be made.
18	(iii) Change.—The producers may
19	change the selected month for a subse-
20	quent advance payment by providing ad-
21	vance notice to the Secretary.
22	(3) Repayment of advance payments.—If a
23	producer on a farm that receives an advance direct
24	payment for a crop year ceases to be a producer on
25	that farm, or the extent to which the producer

- 1 shares in the risk of producing a crop changes, be-
- 2 fore the date the remainder of the direct payment is
- 3 made, the producer shall be responsible for repaying
- 4 the Secretary the applicable amount of the advance
- 5 payment, as determined by the Secretary.
- 6 (e) Prohibition on De Minimis Payments.—If
- 7 the total direct payment to be paid to a producer on a
- 8 farm for all covered commodities is less than \$10.00, the
- 9 Secretary shall not tender the direct payment to the pro-
- 10 ducer.
- 11 SEC. 1103. AVAILABILITY OF COUNTER-CYCLICAL PAY-
- 12 MENTS.
- 13 (a) Payment Required.—For each of the 2008
- 14 through 2012 crop years for each covered commodity, the
- 15 Secretary shall make counter-cyclical payments to pro-
- 16 ducers on farms for which payment yields and base acres
- 17 are established with respect to the covered commodity if
- 18 the Secretary determines that the effective price for the
- 19 covered commodity is less than the target price for the
- 20 covered commodity.
- 21 (b) Effective Price.—For purposes of subsection
- 22 (a), the effective price for a covered commodity is equal
- 23 to the sum of the following:
- 24 (1) The higher of the following:

1	(A) The national average market price re-
2	ceived by producers during the 12-month mar-
3	keting year for the covered commodity, as de-
4	termined by the Secretary.
5	(B) The national average loan rate for a
6	marketing assistance loan for the covered com-
7	modity in effect for the applicable period under
8	subtitle B, except that, for the purpose of calcu-
9	lating counter-cyclical payments under this sec-
10	tion for rice and barley, the Secretary shall es-
11	tablish national average all rice and all barley
12	loan rates.
13	(2) The payment rate in effect for the covered
14	commodity under section 1102 for the purpose of
15	making direct payments with respect to the covered
16	commodity.
17	(c) Target Price.—For purposes of subsection (a),
18	the target prices for covered commodities shall be as fol-
19	lows:
20	(1) Wheat, \$4.15 per bushel.
21	(2) Corn, \$2.63 per bushel.
22	(3) Grain sorghum, \$2.57 per bushel.
23	(4) Barley, \$2.73 per bushel.
24	(5) Oats, \$1.50 per bushel.
25	(6) Upland cotton, \$0.70 per pound.

1	(7) Rice, \$10.50 per hundredweight.
2	(8) Soybeans, \$6.10 per bushel.
3	(9) Other oilseeds, \$0.1150 per pound.
4	(10) Peanuts, \$495.00 per ton.
5	(d) PAYMENT RATE.—The payment rate used to
6	make counter-cyclical payments with respect to a covered
7	commodity for a crop year shall be equal to the difference
8	between—
9	(1) the target price for the covered commodity
10	and
11	(2) the effective price determined under sub-
12	section (b) for the covered commodity.
13	(e) Payment Amount.—If counter-cyclical pay-
14	ments are required to be paid under this section for any
15	of the 2008 through 2012 crop years of a covered com-
16	modity, the amount of the counter-cyclical payment to be
17	paid to the producers on a farm for that crop year shall
18	be equal to the product of the following:
19	(1) The payment rate specified in subsection
20	(d).
21	(2) The payment acres of the covered com-
22	modity on the farm.
23	(3) The payment yield for the covered com-
24	modity for the farm.
25	(f) Time for Payments.—

1	(1) General Rule.—If the Secretary deter-
2	mines under subsection (a) that counter-cyclical pay-
3	ments are required to be made under this section for
4	the crop of a covered commodity, the Secretary shall
5	make the counter-cyclical payments for the crop as
6	soon as practicable after the end of the 12-month
7	marketing year for the covered commodity.
8	(2) Availability of Partial Payments.—If,
9	before the end of the 12-month marketing year for
10	a covered commodity, the Secretary estimates that
11	counter-cyclical payments will be required for the
12	crop of the covered commodity, the Secretary shall
13	give producers on a farm the option to receive par-
14	tial payments of the counter-cyclical payment pro-
15	jected to be made for that crop of the covered com-
16	modity.
17	(3) Time for partial payments for 2008
18	THROUGH 2010 CROP YEARS.—If the Secretary is re-
19	quired to make partial payments available under
20	paragraph (2) for a covered commodity for any of
21	the 2008 through 2010 crop years—
22	(A) the first partial payment shall be made
23	after completion of the first 6 months of the
24	marketing year for the covered commodity; and

1	(B) the final partial payment shall be
2	made as soon as practicable after the end of the
3	12-month marketing year for the covered com-
4	modity.
5	(4) Amount of Partial Payments.—
6	(A) FIRST PARTIAL PAYMENT.—For each
7	of the 2008 through 2010 crop years, the first
8	partial payment under paragraph (3) to the
9	producers on a farm may not exceed 40 percent
10	of the projected counter-cyclical payment for
11	the covered commodity for the crop year, as de-
12	termined by the Secretary.
13	(B) FINAL PAYMENT.—The final payment
14	for each of the 2008 through 2010 crop years
15	shall be equal to the difference between—
16	(i) the actual counter-cyclical payment
17	to be made to the producers for the cov-
18	ered commodity for that crop year; and
19	(ii) the amount of the partial payment
20	made to the producers under subparagraph
21	(A).
22	(5) Repayment.—The producers on a farm
23	that receive a partial payment under this subsection
24	for a crop year shall repay to the Secretary the
25	amount, if any, by which the total of the partial pay-

1	ments exceed the actual counter-cyclical payment to
2	be made for the covered commodity for that crop
3	year.
4	(g) Prohibition on De Minimis Payments.—If
5	the total counter-cyclical payment to be paid to a producer
6	on a farm for all covered commodities is less than \$10.00,
7	the Secretary shall not tender the counter-cyclical pay-
8	ment to the producer.
9	SEC. 1104. PRODUCER AGREEMENT REQUIRED AS CONDI-
10	TION OF PROVISION OF DIRECT PAYMENTS
11	AND COUNTER-CYCLICAL PAYMENTS.
12	(a) Compliance With Certain Requirements.—
13	(1) REQUIREMENTS.—Before the producers on
14	a farm may receive direct payments or counter-cycli-
15	cal payments with respect to the farm, the producers
16	shall agree, during the crop year for which the pay-
17	ments are made and in exchange for the payments—
18	(A) to comply with applicable conservation
19	requirements under subtitle B of title XII of
20	the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3811
21	et seq.);
22	(B) to comply with applicable wetland pro-
23	tection requirements under subtitle C of title
24	XII of that Act (16 U.S.C. 3821 et seg.):

1	(C) to comply with the planting flexibility
2	requirements of section 1105;
3	(D) to use the land on the farm, in a
4	quantity equal to the attributable base acres for
5	the farm for an agricultural or conserving use,
6	and not for a nonagricultural commercial or in-
7	dustrial use, as determined by the Secretary;
8	and
9	(E) to effectively control noxious weeds
10	and otherwise maintain the land in accordance
11	with sound agricultural practices, as determined
12	by the Secretary.
13	(2) Compliance.—The Secretary may issue
14	such rules as the Secretary considers necessary to
15	ensure producer compliance with the requirements of
16	paragraph (1).
17	(3) Modification.—At the request of the
18	transferee or owner, the Secretary may modify the
19	requirements of this subsection if the modifications
20	are consistent with the objectives of this subsection,
21	as determined by the Secretary.
22	(b) Transfer or Change of Interest in
23	FARM.—
24	(1) TERMINATION.—

1	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
2	paragraph (2), a transfer of (or change in) the
3	interest of the producers on a farm in base
4	acres for which direct payments or counter-cy-
5	clical payments are made shall result in the ter-
6	mination of the payments with respect to the
7	base acres, unless the transferee or owner of
8	the acreage agrees to assume all obligations
9	under subsection (a).
10	(B) Effective date.—The termination
11	shall take effect on the date determined by the
12	Secretary.
13	(2) Exception.—If a producer entitled to a di-
14	rect payment or counter-cyclical payment dies, be-
15	comes incompetent, or is otherwise unable to receive
16	the payment, the Secretary shall make the payment,
17	in accordance with rules issued by the Secretary.
18	(c) Acreage Reports.—As a condition on the re-
19	ceipt of any benefits under this subtitle or subtitle B, the
20	Secretary shall require producers on a farm to submit to
21	the Secretary annual acreage reports with respect to all
22	cropland on the farm.
23	(d) Tenants and Sharecroppers.—In carrying
24	out this subtitle, the Secretary shall provide adequate safe-

1	guards to protect the interests of tenants and share
2	eroppers.
3	(e) Sharing of Payments.—The Secretary shall
4	provide for the sharing of direct payments and counter-
5	cyclical payments among the producers on a farm on a
6	fair and equitable basis.
7	SEC. 1105. PLANTING FLEXIBILITY.
8	(a) Permitted Crops.—Subject to subsection (b)
9	any commodity or crop may be planted on base acres or
10	a farm.
11	(b) Limitations Regarding Certain Commod-
12	ITIES.—
13	(1) General Limitation.—The planting of an
14	agricultural commodity specified in paragraph (3)
15	shall be prohibited on base acres unless the com-
16	modity, if planted, is destroyed before harvest.
17	(2) Treatment of trees and other
8	PERENNIALS.—The planting of an agricultural com-
9	modity specified in paragraph (3) that is produced
20	on a tree or other perennial plant shall be prohibited
21	on base acres.
22	(3) COVERED AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.—
23	Paragraphs (1) and (2) apply to the following agri-
24	cultural commodities:
25	(A) Fruits.

1	(B) Vegetables (other than lentils, mung
2	beans, and dry peas).
3	(C) Wild rice.
4	(c) Exceptions.—Paragraphs (1) and (2) of sub-
5	section (b) shall not limit the planting of an agricultural
6	commodity specified in paragraph (3) of that subsection—
7	(1) in any region in which there is a history of
8	double-cropping of covered commodities with agricul-
9	tural commodities specified in subsection (b)(3), as
10	determined by the Secretary, in which case the dou-
11	ble-cropping shall be permitted;
12	(2) on a farm that the Secretary determines
13	has a history of planting agricultural commodities
14	specified in subsection (b)(3) on base acres, except
15	that direct payments and counter-cyclical payments
16	shall be reduced by an acre for each acre planted to
17	such an agricultural commodity; or
18	(3) by the producers on a farm that the Sec-
9	retary determines has an established planting his-
20	tory of a specific agricultural commodity specified in
21	subsection (b)(3), except that—
22	(A) the quantity planted may not exceed
23	the average annual planting history of such ag-
24	ricultural commodity by the producers on the
25	farm in the 1991 through 1995 or 1998

1	through 2001 crop years (excluding any crop
2	year in which no plantings were made), as de-
3	termined by the Secretary; and
4	(B) direct payments and counter-cyclical
5	payments shall be reduced by an acre for each
6	acre planted to such agricultural commodity.
7	(d) Planting Transferability Pilot Project.—
8	(1) Pilot project authorized.—In addition
9	to the exceptions provided in subsection (c), the Sec-
10	retary shall carry out a pilot project in the State of
11	Indiana under which paragraphs (1) and (2) of sub-
12	section (b) shall not limit the planting of tomatoes
13	grown for processing on up to 10,000 base acres
14	during each of the 2008 through 2012 crop years.
15	(2) Contract and management require-
16	MENTS.— To be eligible for selection to participate
17	in the pilot project, a producer must—
18	(A) have a contract to grow tomatoes for
19	processing; and
20	(B) agree to produce the tomatoes as part
21	of a program of erop rotation on the farm to
22	achieve agronomic and pest and disease man-
23	agement benefits.
24	(3) Temporary reduction in base acres.—
25	The base acres on a farm for a crop year shall be

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- reduced by an acre for each acre planted to tomatoes 1 2 under the pilot program.
- 3 (4) DURATION OF REDUCTIONS.—The reduc-4 tion in the base acres of a farm for a crop year 5 under paragraph (3) shall expire at the end of the 6 crop year, unless the producers on the farm elect to continue to participate in the pilot project for the subsequent crop year.
- 9 (5) RECALCULATION OF BASE ACRES.—If the 10 Secretary recalculates base acres for a farm while 11 the farm is included in the pilot project, the planting and production of tomatoes under the pilot project 12 13 shall be considered to be the same as the planting, 14 prevented planting, or production of a covered com-15 modity. Nothing in this paragraph provides author-16 ity for the Secretary to recalculate base acres for a 17 farm.

18 SEC. 1106. PERIOD OF EFFECTIVENESS.

19 This subtitle shall be effective beginning with the 2008 crop year of each covered commodity through the 21 2012 crop year.

1	Subtitle B-Marketing Assistance
2	Loans and Loan Deficiency Pay-
3	ments
4	SEC. 1201. AVAILABILITY OF NONRECOURSE MARKETING
5	ASSISTANCE LOANS FOR LOAN COMMOD-
6	ITIES.
7	(a) Nonrecourse Loans Available.—
8	(1) AVAILABILITY.—For each of the 2008
9	through 2012 crops of each loan commodity, the
10	Secretary shall make available to producers on a
11	farm nonrecourse marketing assistance loans for
12	loan commodities produced on the farm.
13	(2) Terms and conditions.—The marketing
14	assistance loans shall be made under terms and con-
15	ditions that are prescribed by the Secretary and at
16	the loan rate established under section 1202 for the
17	loan commodity.
18	(b) ELIGIBLE PRODUCTION.—The producers on a
19	farm shall be eligible for a marketing assistance loan
20	under subsection (a) for any quantity of a loan commodity
21	produced on the farm.
22	(c) Treatment of Certain Commingled Com-
23	MODITIES.—In carrying out this subtitle, the Secretary
24	shall make loans to producers on a farm that would be
25	eligible to obtain a marketing assistance loan, but for the

- 1 fact the loan commodity owned by the producers on the
- 2 farm commingled with loan commodities of other pro-
- 3 ducers in facilities unlicensed for the storage of agricul-
- 4 tural commodities by the Secretary or a State licensing
- 5 authority, if the producers obtaining the loan agree to im-
- 6 mediately redeem the loan collateral in accordance with
- 7 section 166 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and
- 8 Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7286).
- 9 (d) Compliance With Conservation and Wet-
- 10 LANDS REQUIREMENTS.—As a condition of the receipt of
- 11 a marketing assistance loan under subsection (a), the pro-
- 12 ducer shall comply with applicable conservation require-
- 13 ments under subtitle B of title XII of the Food Security
- 14 Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3811 et seq.) and applicable wet-
- 15 land protection requirements under subtitle C of title XII
- 16 of the Act (16 U.S.C. 3821 et seq.) during the term of
- 17 the loan.
- 18 (e) Peanut-Related Loan Provisions.—
- 19 (1) Options for obtaining loans.—A mar-
- 20 keting assistance loan for peanuts under this section
- and loan deficiency payments for peanuts under sec-
- 22 tion 1205 may be obtained at option of the pro-
- 23 ducers on a farm through—

1	(A) a designated marketing association or
2	marketing cooperative of producers that is ap-
3	proved by the Secretary; or
4	(B) the Farm Service Agency.
5	(2) Storage of loan peanuts.—As a condi-
6	tion on the Secretary's approval of an individual or
7	entity to provide storage for peanuts for which a
8	marketing assistance loan is made under this sec-
9	tion, the individual or entity shall agree—
10	(A) to provide such storage on a non-
11	discriminatory basis; and
12	(B) to comply with such additional require-
13	ments as the Secretary considers appropriate to
14	accomplish the purposes of this section and pro-
15	mote fairness in the administration of the bene-
16	fits of this section.
17	(3) Marketing.—A marketing association or
18	cooperative may market peanuts for which a loan is
19	made under this section in any manner that con-
20	forms to consumer needs, including the separation of
21	peanuts by type and quality.

1	SEC. 1202. LOAN RATES FOR NONRECOURSE MARKETING
2	ASSISTANCE LOANS.
3	(a) LOAN RATES.—The loan rate for a marketing as-
4	sistance loan under section 1201 for a loan commodity
5	shall be equal to the following:
6	(1) In the case of wheat, \$2.94 per bushel.
7	(2) In the case of corn, \$1.95 per bushel.
8	(3) In the case of grain sorghum, \$1.95 per
9	bushel.
10	(4) In the case of malt barley, \$2.50 per bushel.
11	(5) In the case of feed barley, \$1.95 per bushel.
12	(6) In the case of oats, \$1.39 per bushel.
13	(7) In the case of the base quality of upland
14	cotton, \$0.52 per pound.
15	(8) In the case of extra long staple cotton,
16	\$0.7977 per pound.
17	(9) In the case of long grain rice, \$6.50 per
18	hundredweight.
19	(10) In the case of medium grain rice and short
20	grain rice, \$6.50 per hundredweight.
21	(11) In the case of soybeans, \$5.00 per bushel.
22	(12) In the case of other oilseeds, $$0.1070$ per
23	pound for each of the following kinds of oilseeds:
24	(A) Sunflower seed.
25	(B) Rapeseed.
26	(C) Canola.

1	(D) Safflower.
2	(E) Flaxseed.
3	(F) Mustard seed.
4	(G) Crambe.
5	(H) Sesame seed.
6	(I) Other oilseeds designated by the Sec-
7	retary.
8	(13) In the case of dry peas, \$5.40 per hun-
9	dredweight.
10	(14) In the case of lentils, \$11.28 per hundred-
11	weight.
12	(15) In the case of small chickpeas, \$8.54 per
13	hundredweight.
14	(16) In the case of peanuts, \$355.00 per ton.
15	(17) In the case of graded wool, \$1.10 per
16	pound.
17	(18) In the case of nongraded wool, \$0.40 per
18	pound.
19	(19) In the case of honey, \$0.60 per pound.
20	(20) In the case of mohair, \$4.20 per pound.
21	(b) SINGLE COUNTY LOAN RATE FOR OTHER OIL-
22	SEEDS.—The Secretary shall establish a single loan rate
23	in each county for each kind of other oilseeds described
24	in subsection (a)(12).

1	(c) Special Rules for Corn and Grain Sor-
2	GHUM.—
3	(1) SINGLE COUNTY AND NATIONAL AVERAGE
4	LOAN RATE.—The Secretary shall—
5	(A) establish a single county loan rate for
6	corn and grain sorghum in each county;
7	(B) establish a single national average loan
8	rate for corn and grain sorghum; and
9	(C) determine each county loan rate and
10	the national average loan rate for corn and
11	grain sorghum and any and all other program
12	loan rates applicable to corn and grain sorghum
13	from a data set that includes prices for both
14	commodities.
15	(2) Administration.—With respect to corn
16	and grain sorghum, the Secretary—
17	(A) shall administer the applicable loan,
18	marketing loan, counter-cyclical payment, and
19	related programs from a single loan rate for
20	corn and grain sorghum that is identical in
21	each individual county;
22	(B) shall provide that any adjustment in
23	the loan rate for location shall be determined
24	and applied on the basis of the combined data
25	set such that any transportation adjustment

1	shall be the same for corn and grain sorghum
2	in each individual county; and
3	(C) may provide for adjustments for grade,
4	type, and quality as appropriate for the corn or
5	grain sorghum involved in each specific trans-
6	action.
7	SEC. 1203. TERM OF LOANS.
8	(a) TERM OF LOAN.—In the case of each loan com-
9	modity, a marketing assistance loan under section 1201
10	shall have a term of 9 months beginning on the first day
11	of the first month after the month in which the loan is
12	made.
13	(b) Extensions Prohibited.—The Secretary may
14	not extend the term of a marketing assistance loan for
15	any loan commodity.
16	SEC. 1204. REPAYMENT OF LOANS.
17	(a) General Rule.—The Secretary shall permit the
18	producers on a farm to repay a marketing assistance loan
19	under section 1201 for a loan commodity (other than up-
20	land cotton, long grain rice, medium grain rice, short
21	grain rice, extra long staple cotton, and confectionery and
22	each other kind of sunflower seed (other than oil sunflower
23	seed)) at the lesser of the following:
24	(1) The loan rate established for the commodity
25	under section 1202, plus interest (determined in ac-

1	cordance with section 163 of the Federal Agriculture
2	Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C
3	7283)).
4	(2) A rate that the Secretary determines will—
5	(A) minimize potential loan forfeitures;
6	(B) minimize the accumulation of stocks of
7	the commodity by the Federal Government;
8	(C) minimize the cost incurred by the Fed-
9	eral Government in storing the commodity;
10	(D) allow the commodity produced in the
11	United States to be marketed freely and com-
12	petitively, both domestically and internationally;
13	and
14	(E) minimize discrepancies in marketing
15	loan benefits across State boundaries and
16	across county boundaries, if applicable.
17	(b) Repayment Rates for Upland Cotton and
18	RICE.—The Secretary shall permit producers to repay a
19	marketing assistance loan under section 1201 for upland
20	cotton, long grain rice, medium grain rice, and short grain
21	rice at a rate that is the lesser of—
22	(1) the loan rate established for the commodity
23	under section 1202, plus interest (determined in ac-
24	cordance with section 163 of the Federal Agriculture

1	Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C.
2	7283)); or
3	(2) the prevailing world market price for the
4	commodity (adjusted to United States quality and
5	location), as determined by the Secretary.
6	(c) Repayment Rates for Extra Long Staple
7	COTTON.—Repayment of a marketing assistance loan for
8	extra long staple cotton shall be at the loan rate estab-
9	lished for the commodity under section 1202, plus interest
10	(determined in accordance with section 163 of the Federal
11	Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7
12	U.S.C. 7283)).
13	(d) Prevailing World Market Price.—For pur-
14	poses of this section and section 1207, the Secretary shall
15	prescribe by regulation—
16	(1) a formula to determine the prevailing world
17	market price for upland cotton, which shall be based
18	on the Far East price of upland cotton;
19	(2) a formula to determine the prevailing world
20	market price for—
21	(A) long grain rice; and
22	(B) medium and short grain rice;
23	(3) a mechanism by which the Secretary will
24	announce periodically the prevailing world market

1	price for upland cotton, long grain rice, and medium
2	and short grain rice; and
3	(4) a mechanism by which the Secretary will
4	make the adjustments, required by subsection (e), to
5	the prevailing world market price for upland cotton,
6	long grain rice, and medium and short grain rice.
7	(e) Adjustment of Prevailing World Market
8	PRICE FOR UPLAND COTTON AND RICE.—
9	(1) Rice.—The prevailing world market price
10	for long grain, medium grain, and short grain rice
11	determined in subsection (d) shall be adjusted to
12	United States quality and location.
13	(2) Cotton.—The prevailing world market
14	price for upland cotton, determined in subsection (d)
15	shall be—
16	(A) adjusted to United States quality and
17	location, with such quality adjustment to in-
18	elude—
19	(i) any existing United States loan
20	schedule premiums for Comparable United
21	States Quality; and
22	(ii) a reduction equal to any United
23	States Premium Factor to upland cotton of
24	a quality higher than Middling (M) $1^{3}/_{32}$ -
25	inch; and

1	(B) adjusted to take into account average
2	costs to market the commodity, including aver-
3	age transportation costs, as determined by the
4	Secretary.
5	(f) Additional Adjustment Authority Regard-
6	ING PREVAILING WORLD MARKET PRICE FOR UPLAND
7	COTTON.—
8	(1) In general.—During the period beginning
9	on the date of the enactment of this Act through
10	July 31, 2013, the Secretary may further adjust the
11	prevailing world market price for upland cotton (ad-
12	justed under subsection (d)) if the Secretary deter-
13	mines such adjustment necessary—
14	(A) to minimize potential loan forfeitures;
15	(B) to minimize the accumulation of stocks
16	of the commodity by the Federal Government;
17	(C) to allow the commodity produced in
18	the United States to be marketed freely and
19	competitively, both domestically and inter-
20	nationally;
21	(D) to ensure that United States cotton is
22	competitive in world markets; and
23	(E) to ensure an appropriate transition be-
24	tween current-crop and forward-crop price
25	quotations, except that the Secretary may use

1	forward-crop price quotations prior to July 31
2	of the current marketing year only if there are
3	less than three current-crop price quotations
4	and only if such forward-crop price quotation is
5	the lowest such quotation available.
6	(2) Guidelines for additional adjust-
7	MENT.—In further adjusting the prevailing world
8	market price for upland cotton under this sub-
9	section, the Secretary shall establish a mechanism
10	for determining and announcing such adjustments in
11	order to avoid undue disruption in the United States
12	market.
13	(g) Repayment Rates for Confectionery and
14	OTHER KINDS OF SUNFLOWER SEEDS.—The Secretary
15	shall permit the producers on a farm to repay a marketing
16	assistance loan under section 1201 for confectionery and
17	each other kind of sunflower seed (other than oil sunflower
18	seed) at a rate that is the lesser of—
19	(1) the loan rate established for the commodity
20	under section 1202, plus interest (determined in ac-
21	cordance with section 163 of the Federal Agriculture
22	Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C.
23	7283)); or
24	(2) the repayment rate established for oil sun-
25	flower seed.

1	(h) Quality Grades for Dry Peas, Lentils, and
2	SMALL CHICKPEAS.—The loan repayment rate for dry
3	peas, lentils, and small chickpeas shall be based on the
4	quality grades for the applicable commodity.
5	SEC. 1205. LOAN DEFICIENCY PAYMENTS.
6	(a) Availability of Loan Deficiency Pay-
7	MENTS.—
8	(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
9	section (d), the Secretary may make loan deficiency
10	payments available to producers on a farm that, al-
11	though eligible to obtain a marketing assistance loan
12	under section 1201 with respect to a loan com-
13	modity, agree to forgo obtaining the loan for the
14	commodity in return for loan deficiency payments
15	under this section.
16	(2) Unshorn pelts, hay, and silage.—
17	(A) MARKETING ASSISTANCE LOANS.—
18	Subject to subparagraph (B), nongraded wool
19	in the form of unshorn pelts and hay and silage
20	derived from a loan commodity are not eligible
21	for a marketing assistance loan under section
22	1201.
23	(B) Loan deficiency payment.—Effec-
24	tive for the 2008 through 2012 crop years, the
25	Secretary may make loan deficiency payments

1	available under this section to producers on a
2	farm that produce unshorn pelts or hay and si-
3	lage derived from a loan commodity.
4	(b) Computation.—A loan deficiency payment for a
5	loan commodity or commodity referred to in subsection
6	(a)(2) shall be computed by multiplying—
7	(1) the payment rate determined under sub-
8	section (c) for the commodity; by
9	(2) the quantity of the commodity produced by
10	the eligible producers, excluding any quantity for
11	which the producers obtain a marketing assistance
12	loan under section 1201.
13	(e) PAYMENT RATE.—
14	(1) In general.—In the case of a loan com-
15	modity, the payment rate shall be the amount by
16	which—
17	(A) the loan rate established under section
18	1202 for the loan commodity; exceeds
19	(B) the rate at which a marketing assist-
20	ance loan for the loan commodity may be repaid
21	under section 1204.
22	(2) Unshorn pelts.—In the case of unshorn
23	pelts, the payment rate shall be the amount by
24	which—

1	(A) the loan rate established under section
2	1202 for ungraded wool; exceeds
3	(B) the rate at which a marketing assist-
4	ance loan for ungraded wool may be repaid
5	under section 1204.
6	(3) HAY AND SILAGE.—In the case of hay or si-
7	lage derived from a loan commodity, the payment
8	rate shall be the amount by which—
9	(A) the loan rate established under section
10	1202 for the loan commodity from which the
11	hay or silage is derived; exceeds
12	(B) the rate at which a marketing assist-
13	ance loan for the loan commodity may be repaid
14	under section 1204.
15	(d) Exception for Extra Long Staple Cot-
16	TON.—This section shall not apply with respect to extra
17	long staple cotton.
18	(e) Effective Date for Payment Rate Deter-
19	MINATION.—The Secretary shall determine the amount of
20	the loan deficiency payment to be made under this section
21	to the producers on a farm with respect to a quantity of
22	a loan commodity or commodity referred to in subsection
23	(a)(2) using the payment rate in effect under subsection
24	(c) as of the date the producers request the payment

1	SEC. 1206. PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF LOAN DEFICIENCY PAY
2	MENTS FOR GRAZED ACREAGE.
3	(a) Eligible Producers.—
4	(1) In General.—Effective for the 2008
5	through 2012 crop years, in the case of a producer
6	that would be eligible for a loan deficiency payment
7	under section 1205 for wheat, barley, or oats, but
8	that elects to use acreage planted to the wheat, bar-
9	ley, or oats for the grazing of livestock, the Sec-
10	retary shall make a payment to the producer under
11	this section if the producer enters into an agreement
12	with the Secretary to forgo any other harvesting of
13	the wheat, barley, or oats on that acreage.
14	(2) Grazing of Triticale Acreage.—Effec-
15	tive for the 2008 through 2012 crop years, with re-
16	spect to a producer on a farm that uses acreage
17	planted to triticale for the grazing of livestock, the
18	Secretary shall make a payment to the producer
19	under this section if the producer enters into an
20	agreement with the Secretary to forgo any other
21	harvesting of triticale on that acreage.
22	(b) PAYMENT AMOUNT.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—The amount of a payment
24	made under this section to a producer on a farm de-
25	scribed in subsection (a)(1) shall be equal to the
26	amount determined by multiplying—

1	(A) the loan deficiency payment rate deter-
2	mined under section 1205(c) in effect, as of the
3	date of the agreement, for the county in which
4	the farm is located; by
5	(B) the payment quantity determined by
6	multiplying—
7	(i) the quantity of the grazed acreage
8	on the farm with respect to which the pro-
9	ducer elects to forgo harvesting of wheat,
10	barley, or oats; and
11	(ii) the payment yield in effect for the
12	calculation of direct payments under sub-
13	title A with respect to that loan commodity
14	on the farm or, in the case of a farm with-
15	out a payment yield for that loan com-
16	modity, an appropriate yield established by
17	the Secretary in a manner consistent with
18	section 1102 of the Farm Security and
19	Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C.
20	7912).
21	(2) Grazing of Triticale Acreage.—The
22	amount of a payment made under this section to a
23	producer on a farm described in subsection (a)(2)
24	shall be equal to the amount determined by multi-
25	plving—

1	(A) the loan deficiency payment rate deter-
2	mined under section 1205(c) in effect for
3	wheat, as of the date of the agreement, for the
4	county in which the farm is located; by
5	(B) the payment quantity determined by
6	multiplying—
7	(i) the quantity of the grazed acreage
8	on the farm with respect to which the pro-
9	ducer elects to forgo harvesting of triticale;
10	and
11	(ii) the payment yield in effect for the
12	calculation of direct payments under sub-
13	title A with respect to wheat on the farm
14	or, in the case of a farm without a pay-
15	ment yield for wheat, an appropriate yield
16	established by the Secretary in a manner
17	consistent with section 1102 of the Farm
18	Security and Rural Investment Act of
19	2002 (7 U.S.C. 7912).
20	(e) Time, Manner, and Availability of Pay-
21	MENT.—
22	(1) Time and manner.—A payment under this
23	section shall be made at the same time and in the
24	same manner as loan deficiency payments are made
25	under section 1205.

1	(2) AVAILABILITY.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall es
3	tablish an availability period for the payments
4	authorized by this section.
5	(B) CERTAIN COMMODITIES.—In the case
6	of wheat, barley, and oats, the availability pe-
7	riod shall be consistent with the availability pe-
8	riod for the commodity established by the Sec-
9	retary for marketing assistance loans author-
10	ized by this subtitle.
11	(d) Prohibition on Crop Insurance Indemnity
12	OR NONINSURED CROP ASSISTANCE.—A 2008 through
13	2012 crop of wheat, barley, oats, or triticale planted on
14	acreage that a producer elects, in the agreement required
15	by subsection (a), to use for the grazing of livestock in
16	lieu of any other harvesting of the crop shall not be eligible
17	for an indemnity under the Federal Crop Insurance Act
18	(7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) or noninsured crop assistance
19	under section 196 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement
20	and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7333).
21	SEC. 1207. SPECIAL MARKETING LOAN PROVISIONS FOR
22	UPLAND COTTON.
23	(a) Special Import Quota.—
24	(1) Definition of special import quota.—
25	In this subsection, the term "special import quota"

1	means a quantity of imports that is not subject to
2	the over-quota tariff rate of a tariff-rate quota.
3	(2) Establishment.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall
5	carry out an import quota program during the
6	period beginning on the date of the enactment
7	of this Act through July 31, 2013, as provided
8	in this subsection.
9	(B) PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.—Whenever
10	the Secretary determines and announces that
11	for any consecutive 4-week period, the Friday
12	through Thursday average price quotation for
13	the lowest-priced United States growth, as
14	quoted for Middling (M) 13/32-inch cotton, deliv-
15	ered C/F Far East, exceeds the Far East price
16	there shall immediately be in effect a special
17	import quota.
18	(3) QUANTITY.—The quota shall be equal to 1
19	week's consumption of upland cotton by domestic
20	mills at the seasonally adjusted average rate of the
21	most recent 3 months for which data are available.
22	(4) APPLICATION.—The quota shall apply to
23	upland cotton purchased not later than 90 days

after the date of the Secretary's announcement

24

1	under paragraph (1) and entered into the United
2	States not later than 180 days after that date.
3	(5) Overlap.—A special quota period may be
4	established that overlaps any existing quota period if
5	required by paragraph (2), except that a special
6	quota period may not be established under this sub-
7	section if a quota period has been established under
8	subsection (b).
9	(6) Preferential tariff treatment.—The
10	quantity under a special import quota shall be con-
11	sidered to be an in-quota quantity for purposes of—
12	(A) section 213(d) of the Caribbean Basin
13	Economic Recovery Act (19 U.S.C. 2703(d));
14	(B) section 204 of the Andean Trade Pref-
15	erence Act (19 U.S.C. 3203);
16	(C) section 503(d) of the Trade Act of
17	1974 (19 U.S.C. 2463(d)); and
18	(D) General Note 3(a)(iv) to the Har-
19	monized Tariff Schedule.
20	(7) Limitation.—The quantity of cotton en-
21	tered into the United States during any marketing
22	year under the special import quota established
23	under this subsection may not exceed the equivalent
24	of 10 week's consumption of upland cotton by do-
25	mestic mills at the seasonally adjusted average rate

1	of the 3 months immediately preceding the first spe-
2	cial import quota established in any marketing year
3	(b) LIMITED GLOBAL IMPORT QUOTA FOR UPLAND
4	COTTON.—
5	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
6	(A) Supply.—The term "supply" means
7	using the latest official data of the Bureau of
8	the Census, the Department of Agriculture, and
9	the Department of the Treasury—
10	(i) the carry-over of upland cotton at
11	the beginning of the marketing year (ad-
12	justed to 480-pound bales) in which the
13	quota is established;
14	(ii) production of the current crop;
15	and
16	(iii) imports to the latest date avail-
17	able during the marketing year.
18	(B) Demand.—The term "demand"
19	means—
20	(i) the average seasonally adjusted an-
21	nual rate of domestic mill consumption
22	during the most recent 3 months for which
23	data are available; and
24	(ii) the larger of—

1	(I) average exports of upland cot-
2	ton during the preceding 6 marketing
3	years; or
4	(II) cumulative exports of upland
5	cotton plus outstanding export sales
6	for the marketing year in which the
7	quota is established.
8	(C) LIMITED GLOBAL IMPORT QUOTA.—
9	The term "limited global import quota" means
10	a quantity of imports that is not subject to the
11	over-quota tariff rate of a tariff-rate quota.
12	(2) Program.—The President shall carry out
13	an import quota program that provides that when-
14	ever the Secretary determines and announces that
15	the average price of the base quality of upland cot-
16	ton, as determined by the Secretary, in the des-
17	ignated spot markets for a month exceeded 130 per-
18	cent of the average price of the quality of cotton in
9	the markets for the preceding 36 months, notwith-
20	standing any other provision of law, there shall im-
21	mediately be in effect a limited global import quota
22	subject to the following conditions:
23	(A) QUANTITY.—The quantity of the quota
24	shall be equal to 21 days of domestic mill con-
25	sumption of upland cotton at the seasonally ad-

1	justed average rate of the most recent 3 months
2	for which data are available.
3	(B) QUANTITY IF PRIOR QUOTA.—If a
4	quota has been established under this sub-
5	section during the preceding 12 months, the
6	quantity of the quota next established under
7	this subsection shall be the smaller of 21 days
8	of domestic mill consumption calculated under
9	subparagraph (A) or the quantity required to
10	increase the supply to 130 percent of the de-
11	mand.
12	(C) Preferential tariff treat-
13	MENT.—The quantity under a limited global
14	import quota shall be considered to be an in-
15	quota quantity for purposes of—
16	(i) section 213(d) of the Caribbean
17	Basin Economic Recovery Act (19 U.S.C.
18	2703(d));
19	(ii) section 204 of the Andean Trade
20	Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3203);
21	(iii) section 503(d) of the Trade Act
22	of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2463(d)); and
23	(iv) General Note 3(a)(iv) to the Har-
24	monized Tariff Schedule.

1	(D) QUOTA ENTRY PERIOD.—When a
2	quota is established under this subsection, cot-
3	ton may be entered under the quota during the
4	90-day period beginning on the date the quota
5	is established by the Secretary.
6	(3) No overlap.—Notwithstanding paragraph
7	(2), a quota period may not be established that over-
8	laps an existing quota period or a special quota pe-
9	riod established under subsection (a).
10	(c) Economic Adjustment Assistance to Users
11	OF UPLAND COTTON.—
12	(1) Issuance of marketing certificates or
13	CASH PAYMENTS.—During the period beginning on
14	the date of the enactment of this Act through July
15	31, 2013, the Secretary shall issue, on a monthly
16	basis, marketing certificates or cash payments, at
17	the option of the recipient, to domestic users of up-
18	land cotton for all documented use of upland cotton
19	during the previous monthly period regardless of the
20	origin of the upland cotton.
21	(2) Value of certificates or payments.—
22	The value of the marketing certificates or cash pay-
23	ments shall be 4 cents per pound.
24	(3) Allowable purposes.—Economic adjust-
25	ment assistance under this subsection shall be made

1	available only to domestic users of upland cotton
2	that certify that such funds shall be used only for
3	acquisition, construction, installation, modernization
4	development, conversion, or expansion of land, plant
5	buildings, equipment, facilities, or machinery.
6	(4) REVIEW OR AUDIT.—The Secretary may
7	conduct such review or audit of the records of a do-
8	mestic user under this subsection as determined nec-
9	essary to carry out the provisions of this subsection
10	(5) Improper use of assistance.—If the
11	Secretary determines, after a review or audit of the
12	records of the domestic user, that economic adjust-
13	ment assistance under this subsection was not used
14	for the purposes specified in paragraph (3), the do-
15	mestic user shall be liable to repay such assistance
16	to the Secretary, plus interest, as determined by the
17	Secretary, and shall be ineligible to participate in
18	the program established by this subsection for a pe-
19	riod of 12 months following the determination of the
20	Secretary.
21	SEC. 1208. SPECIAL COMPETITIVE PROVISIONS FOR EXTRA
22	LONG STAPLE COTTON.
23	(a) Competitiveness Program.—Notwithstanding

24 any other provision of law, during the period beginning

1	on the date of the enactment of this Act through July 31,
2	2013, the Secretary shall carry out a program—
3	(1) to maintain and expand the domestic use of
4	extra long staple cotton produced in the United
5	States;
6	(2) to increase exports of extra long staple cot-
7	ton produced in the United States; and
8	(3) to ensure that extra long staple cotton pro-
9	duced in the United States remains competitive in
10	world markets.
11	(b) PAYMENTS UNDER PROGRAM; TRIGGER.—Under
12	the program, the Secretary shall make payments available
13	under this section whenever—
14	(1) for a consecutive 4-week period, the world
15	market price for the lowest priced competing growth
16	of extra long staple cotton (adjusted to United
17	States quality and location and for other factors af-
18	fecting the competitiveness of such cotton), as deter-
19	mined by the Secretary, is below the prevailing
20	United States price for a competing growth of extra
21	long staple cotton; and
22	(2) the lowest priced competing growth of extra
23	long staple cotton (adjusted to United States quality
24	and location and for other factors affecting the com-
25	petitiveness of such cotton), as determined by the

1	Secretary,	is	less	than	134	percent	of	the	loan	rate
1	NOUL COULTY,	TIO	TODD	ULLULL	TOI	DOLOGILO	OT	ULLU	TOULL	Lucc

- 2 for extra long staple cotton.
- 3 (c) Eligible Recipients.—The Secretary shall
- 4 make payments available under this section to domestic
- 5 users of extra long staple cotton produced in the United
- 6 States and exporters of extra long staple cotton produced
- 7 in the United States that enter into an agreement with
- 8 the Commodity Credit Corporation to participate in the
- 9 program under this section.
- 10 (d) Payment Amount.—Payments under this sec-
- 11 tion shall be based on the amount of the difference in the
- 12 prices referred to in subsection (b)(1) during the fourth
- 13 week of the consecutive 4-week period multiplied by the
- 14 amount of documented purchases by domestic users and
- 15 sales for export by exporters made in the week following
- 16 such a consecutive 4-week period.
- 17 (e) Form of Payment.—Payments under this sec-
- 18 tion shall be made through the issuance of cash or mar-
- 19 keting certificates, at the option of eligible recipients of
- 20 the payments.
- 21 SEC. 1209. AVAILABILITY OF RECOURSE LOANS FOR HIGH
- 22 MOISTURE FEED GRAINS AND SEED COTTON.
- 23 (a) HIGH MOISTURE FEED GRAINS.—
- 24 (1) Definition of high moisture state.—
- In this subsection, the term "high moisture state"

1	means corn or grain sorghum having a moisture con-
2	tent in excess of Commodity Credit Corporation
3	standards for marketing assistance loans made by
4	the Secretary under section 1201.
5	(2) RECOURSE LOANS AVAILABLE.—For each of
6	the 2008 through 2012 crops of corn and grain sor-
7	ghum, the Secretary shall make available recourse
8	loans, as determined by the Secretary, to producers
9	on a farm that—
10	(A) normally harvest all or a portion of
11	their crop of corn or grain sorghum in a high
12	moisture state;
13	(B) present—
14	(i) certified scale tickets from an in-
15	spected, certified commercial scale, includ-
16	ing a licensed warehouse, feedlot, feed mill,
17	distillery, or other similar entity approved
18	by the Secretary, pursuant to regulations
19	issued by the Secretary; or
20	(ii) field or other physical measure-
21	ments of the standing or stored crop in re-
22	gions of the United States, as determined
23	by the Secretary, that do not have certified
24	commercial scales from which certified

1	scale tickets may be obtained within rea-
2	sonable proximity of harvest operation;
3	(C) certify that they were the owners of
4	the feed grain at the time of delivery to, and
5	that the quantity to be placed under loan under
6	this subsection was in fact harvested on the
7	farm and delivered to, a feedlot, feed mill, or
8	commercial or on-farm high-moisture storage
9	facility, or to a facility maintained by the users
10	of corn and grain sorghum in a high moisture
11	state; and
12	(D) comply with deadlines established by
13	the Secretary for harvesting the corn or grain
14	sorghum and submit applications for loans
15	under this subsection within deadlines estab-
16	lished by the Secretary.
17	(3) Eligibility of acquired feed grains.—
18	A loan under this subsection shall be made on a
19	quantity of corn or grain sorghum of the same crop
20	acquired by the producer equivalent to a quantity
21	determined by multiplying—
22	(A) the acreage of the corn or grain sor-
23	ghum in a high moisture state harvested on the
24	producer's farm; by

1	(B) the lower of the farm program pay-
2	ment yield used to make counter-cyclical pay-
3	ments under subtitle A or the actual yield on a
4	field, as determined by the Secretary, that is
5	similar to the field from which the corn or grain
6	sorghum was obtained.
7	(b) RECOURSE LOANS AVAILABLE FOR SEED COT-
8	TON.—For each of the 2008 through 2012 crops of upland
9	cotton and extra long staple cotton, the Secretary shall
10	make available recourse seed cotton loans, as determined
11	by the Secretary, on any production.
12	(c) Repayment Rates.—Repayment of a recourse
13	loan made under this section shall be at the loan rate es-
14	tablished for the commodity by the Secretary, plus interest
15	(determined in accordance with section 163 of the Federal
16	Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7
17	U.S.C. 7283)).
8	Subtitle C—Sugar
9	SEC. 1301. SUGAR PROGRAM.
20	(a) In General.—Section 156 of the Federal Agri-
21	culture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C.
22	7272) is amended to read as follows:
23	"SEC. 156. SUGAR PROGRAM.
24	"(a) SUGARCANE.—The Secretary shall make loans
25	for raw cane sugar available to processors of domestically

1	grown sugarcane at a rate equal to 18.5 cents per pound
2	for each of the 2008 through 2012 crop years.
3	"(b) Sugar Beets.—The Secretary shall make loans
4	for refined beet sugar available to processors of domesti-
5	cally grown sugar beets at a rate equal to 23.5 cents per
6	pound for each of the 2008 through 2012 crop years.
7	"(c) TERM OF LOANS.—
8	"(1) In general.—A loan under this section
9	during any fiscal year shall be made available not
10	earlier than the beginning of the fiscal year and
11	shall mature at the earlier of—
12	"(A) the end of the 9-month period begin-
13	ning on the first day of the first month after
14	the month in which the loan is made; or
15	"(B) the end of the fiscal year in which the
16	loan is made.
17	"(2) Supplemental loans.—In the case of a
18	loan made under this section in the last 3 months
19	of a fiscal year, the processor may repledge the
20	sugar as collateral for a second loan in the subse-
21	quent fiscal year, except that the second loan shall—
22	"(A) be made at the loan rate in effect at
23	the time the first loan was made; and
24	"(B) mature in 9 months less the quantity
25	of time that the first loan was in effect.

1	"(d) LOAN TYPE; PROCESSOR ASSURANCES.—
2	"(1) Nonrecourse loans.—The Secretary
3	shall carry out this section through the use of non-
4	recourse loans.
5	"(2) Processor assurances.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
7	obtain from each processor that receives a loan
8	under this section such assurances as the Sec-
9	retary considers adequate to ensure that the
10	processor will provide payments to producers
11	that are proportional to the value of the loan
12	received by the processor for the sugar beets
13	and sugarcane delivered by producers to the
14	processor.
15	"(B) MINIMUM PAYMENTS.—
16	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
17	(ii), the Secretary may establish appro-
18	priate minimum payments for purposes of
19	this paragraph.
20	"(ii) Limitation.—In the case of
21	sugar beets, the minimum payment estab-
22	lished under clause (i) shall not exceed the
23	rate of payment provided for under the ap-
24	plicable contract between a sugar beet pro-
25	ducer and a sugar beet processor.

1	"(3) Administration.—The Secretary may
2	not impose or enforce any prenotification require-
3	ment, or similar administrative requirement not oth-
4	erwise in effect on May 13, 2002, that has the effect
5	of preventing a processor from electing to forfeit the
6	loan collateral (of an acceptable grade and quality)
7	on the maturity of the loan.
8	"(e) Loans for In-Process Sugar.—
9	"(1) Definition of in-process sugars and
10	SYRUPS.—In this subsection, the term 'in-process
11	sugars and syrups' does not include raw sugar, liq-
12	uid sugar, invert sugar, invert syrup, or other fin-
13	ished product that is otherwise eligible for a loan
14	under subsection (a) or (b).
15	"(2) AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary shall make
16	nonrecourse loans available to processors of a crop
17	of domestically grown sugarcane and sugar beets for
18	in-process sugars and syrups derived from the crop.
19	"(3) LOAN RATE.—The loan rate shall be equal
20	to 80 percent of the loan rate applicable to raw cane
21	sugar or refined beet sugar, as determined by the
22	Secretary on the basis of the source material for the
23	in-process sugars and syrups.
24	"(4) Further processing on forfeiture.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—As a condition of the
2	forfeiture of in-process sugars and syrups serv-
3	ing as collateral for a loan under paragraph (2),
4	the processor shall, within such reasonable time
5	period as the Secretary may prescribe and at no
6	cost to the Commodity Credit Corporation, con-
7	vert the in-process sugars and syrups into raw
8	cane sugar or refined beet sugar of acceptable
9	grade and quality for sugars eligible for loans
10	under subsection (a) or (b).
11	"(B) Transfer to corporation.—Once
12	the in-process sugars and syrups are fully proc-
13	essed into raw cane sugar or refined beet sugar,
14	the processor shall transfer the sugar to the
15	Commodity Credit Corporation.
16	"(C) Payment to processor.—On trans-
17	fer of the sugar, the Secretary shall make a
18	payment to the processor in an amount equal to
19	the amount obtained by multiplying—
20	"(i) the difference between—
21	"(I) the loan rate for raw cane
22	sugar or refined beet sugar, as appro-
23	priate; and
24	"(II) the loan rate the processor
25	received under paragraph (3); by

1	"(ii) the quantity of sugar transferred
2	to the Secretary.
3	"(5) Loan conversion.—If the processor does
4	not forfeit the collateral as described in paragraph
5	(4), but instead further processes the in-process sug-
6	ars and syrups into raw cane sugar or refined beet
7	sugar and repays the loan on the in-process sugars
8	and syrups, the processor may obtain a loan under
9	subsection (a) or (b) for the raw cane sugar or re-
10	fined beet sugar, as appropriate.
11	"(6) TERM OF LOAN.—The term of a loan
12	made under this subsection for a quantity of in-proc-
13	ess sugars and syrups, when combined with the term
14	of a loan made with respect to the raw cane sugar
15	or refined beet sugar derived from the in-process
16	sugars and syrups, may not exceed 9 months, con-
17	sistent with subsection (c).
18	"(f) Avoiding Forfeitures; Corporation Inven-
19	TORY DISPOSITION.—
20	"(1) In general.—Subject to subsection
21	(d)(3), to the maximum extent practicable, the Sec-
22	retary shall operate the program established under
23	this section at no cost to the Federal Government by
24	avoiding the forfeiture of sugar to the Commodity
25	Credit Corporation.

"((2)	INVENTORY	DISPOSITION.—

"(A) In General.—To carry out paragraph (1), the Commodity Credit Corporation may accept bids to obtain raw cane sugar or refined beet sugar in the inventory of the Commodity Credit Corporation from (or otherwise make available such commodities, on appropriate terms and conditions, to) processors of sugarcane and processors of sugar beets (acting in conjunction with the producers of the sugarcane or sugar beets processed by the processors) in return for the reduction of production of raw cane sugar or refined beet sugar, as appropriate.

"(B) BIOENERGY FEEDSTOCK.—If a reduction in the quantity of production accepted under subparagraph (A) involves sugar beets or sugarcane that has already been planted, the sugar beets or sugarcane so planted may not be used for any commercial purpose other than as a bioenergy feedstock.

"(C) Additional authority.—The authority provided under this paragraph is in addition to any authority of the Commodity Credit Corporation under any other law.

1	"(g) Information Reporting.—
2	"(1) Duty of processors and refiners to
3	REPORT.—A sugarcane processor, cane sugar re-
4	finer, and sugar beet processor shall furnish the Sec-
5	retary, on a monthly basis, such information as the
6	Secretary may require to administer sugar pro-
7	grams, including the quantity of purchases of sugar-
8	cane, sugar beets, and sugar, and production, impor-
9	tation, distribution, and stock levels of sugar.
10	"(2) Duty of producers to report.—
11	"(A) Proportionate share states.—As
12	a condition of a loan made to a processor for
13	the benefit of a producer, the Secretary shall
14	require each producer of sugarcane located in a
15	State (other than the Commonwealth of Puerto
16	Rico) in which there are in excess of 250 pro-
17	ducers of sugarcane to report, in the manner
18	prescribed by the Secretary, the sugarcane
19	yields and acres planted to sugarcane of the
20	producer.
21	"(B) OTHER STATES.—The Secretary may
22	require each producer of sugarcane or sugar
23	beets not covered by subparagraph (A) to re-

port, in a manner prescribed by the Secretary,

24

1	the yields of, and acres planted to, sugarcane or
2	sugar beets, respectively, of the producer.
3	"(3) Duty of importers to report.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
5	subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall require
6	an importer of sugars, syrups, or molasses to be
7	used for human consumption or to be used for
8	the extraction of sugar for human consumption
9	to report, in the manner prescribed by the Sec-
10	retary, the quantities of the products imported
11	by the importer and the sugar content or equiv-
12	alent of the products.
13	"(B) Tariff-rate quotas.—Subpara-
14	graph (A) shall not apply to sugars, syrups, or
15	molasses that are within the quantities of tariff-
16	rate quotas that are subject to the lower rate
17	of duties.
18	"(4) Collection of Information on Mex-
19	ICO.—
20	"(A) Collection.—The Secretary shall
21	collect—
22	"(i) information on the production,
23	consumption, stocks and trade of sugar in
24	Mexico, including United States exports of
25	sugar to Mexico; and

1	"(ii) publicly available information on
2	Mexican production, consumption, and
3	trade of high fructose corn syrups, includ-
4	ing United States exports of high fructose
5	corn syrups to Mexico.
6	"(B) PUBLICATION.—The data collected
7	under subparagraph (A) shall be published in
8	each edition of the World Agricultural Supply
9	and Demand Estimates.
10	"(5) Penalty.—Any person willfully failing or
11	refusing to furnish the information required to be
12	reported by paragraph (1), (2), or (3), or furnishing
13	willfully false information, shall be subject to a civil
14	penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each such vio-
15	lation.
16	"(6) Monthly reports.—Taking into consid-
17	eration the information received under this sub-
18	section, the Secretary shall publish on a monthly
19	basis composite data on production, imports, dis-
20	tribution, and stock levels of sugar.
21	"(h) Substitution of Refined Sugar.—For pur-
22	poses of Additional U.S. Note 6 to chapter 17 of the Har-
23	monized Tariff Schedule of the United States and the re-
24	export programs and polyhydric alcohol program adminis-
25	tered by the Secretary, all refined sugars (whether derived

- 1 from sugar beets or sugarcane) produced by cane sugar
- 2 refineries and beet sugar processors shall be fully substi-
- 3 tutable for the export of sugar and sugar-containing prod-
- 4 ucts under those programs.
- 5 "(i) Effective Period.—This section shall be ef-
- 6 fective only for the 2008 through 2012 crops of sugar
- 7 beets and sugarcane.".
- 8 (b) Transition.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall
- 9 make loans for raw cane sugar and refined beet sugar
- 10 available for the 2007 crop year on the terms and condi-
- 11 tions provided in section 156 of the Federal Agriculture
- 12 Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7272),
- 13 as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment
- 14 of this Act.
- 15 SEC. 1302. UNITED STATES MEMBERSHIP IN THE INTER-
- 16 NATIONAL SUGAR ORGANIZATION.
- 17 The Secretary of Agriculture shall work with the Sec-
- 18 retary of State to restore United States membership in
- 19 the International Sugar Organization within one year
- 20 after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 21 SEC. 1303. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR
- 22 SUGAR.
- 23 (a) Definition of Human Consumption.—Section
- 24 359a of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7
- 25 U.S.C. 1359aa) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through
2	(4) as paragraphs (2) through (5), respectively; and
3	(2) by inserting before paragraph (2), as so re-
4	designated, the following new paragraph (1):
5	"(1) Human consumption.—The term
6	'human consumption', when used in the context of a
7	reference to sugar (whether in the form of sugar, in-
8	process sugar, syrup, molasses, or in some other
9	form) for human consumption, includes sugar for
10	use in human food, beverages, or similar products.".
11	(b) Sugar Allotments.—Section 359b of the Agri-
12	cultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359bb) is
13	amended to read as follows:
13	amended to read as follows: "SEC. 359b. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR
14	"SEC. 359b. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR
14	"SEC. 359b. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR SUGAR.
14 15	"SEC. 359b. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR SUGAR. "(a) SUGAR ESTIMATES.—
14 15 16	"SEC. 359b. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR SUGAR. "(a) SUGAR ESTIMATES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than August 1
14 15 16 17	"SEC. 359b. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR SUGAR. "(a) SUGAR ESTIMATES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than August 1 before the beginning of each of the 2008 through
14 15 16 17 18	"SEC. 359b. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR SUGAR. "(a) SUGAR ESTIMATES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than August 1 before the beginning of each of the 2008 through 2012 crop years for sugarcane and sugar beets, the
14 15 16 17 18 19	"SEC. 359b. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR SUGAR. "(a) SUGAR ESTIMATES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than August 1 before the beginning of each of the 2008 through 2012 crop years for sugarcane and sugar beets, the Secretary shall estimate—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"SEC. 359b. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR SUGAR. "(a) SUGAR ESTIMATES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than August 1 before the beginning of each of the 2008 through 2012 crop years for sugarcane and sugar beets, the Secretary shall estimate— "(A) the quantity of sugar that will be
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"SEC. 359b. FLEXIBLE MARKETING ALLOTMENTS FOR SUGAR. "(a) SUGAR ESTIMATES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than August 1 before the beginning of each of the 2008 through 2012 crop years for sugarcane and sugar beets, the Secretary shall estimate— "(A) the quantity of sugar that will be subject to human consumption in the United

1	"(C) the quantity of sugar that will be
2	available from carry-in stocks for human con-
3	sumption in the United States during the crop
4	year;
5	"(D) the quantity of sugar that will be
6	available from the domestic processing of sugar-
7	cane, sugar beets, and in-process beet sugar;
8	and
9	"(E) the quantity of sugars, syrups, and
10	molasses that will be imported for human con-
11	sumption or to be used for the extraction of
12	sugar for human consumption in the United
13	States during the crop year, whether such arti-
14	cles are under a tariff-rate quota or are in ex-
15	cess or outside of a tariff-rate quota.
16	"(2) Exclusion.—The estimates under this
17	subsection shall not apply to sugar imported for the
18	production of polyhydric alcohol or to any sugar re-
19	fined and reexported in refined form or in products
20	containing sugar.
21	"(3) REESTIMATES.—The Secretary shall make
22	reestimates of sugar consumption, stocks, produc-
23	tion, and imports for a crop year as necessary, but
24	no later than the beginning of each of the second
25	through fourth quarters of the crop year.

"(b) Sugar Allotments.—

"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—By the beginning of each crop year, the Secretary shall establish for that crop year appropriate allotments under section 359c for the marketing by processors of sugar processed from sugar cane or sugar beets or in-process beet sugar (whether such sugar beets or in-process beet sugar was produced domestically or imported) at a level sufficient to maintain raw and refined sugar prices above forfeiture levels so that there will be no forfeitures of sugar to the Commodity Credit Corporation under the loan program for sugar established under section 156 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7272).

"(2) MINIMUM.—The level of allotments established under paragraph (1) may not be less than 85 percent of the estimated quantity of sugar for domestic human consumption for the crop year.

"(3) Products.—The Secretary may include sugar products, whose majority content is sucrose, in the allotments established under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that the inclusion of such sugar products is appropriate for controlling the supply of sugar for human consumption.

1	"(c) Coverage of Allotments.—
2	"(1) In general.—The marketing allotments
3	provided for in this part shall apply to the mar-
4	keting by processors of sugar intended for domestic
5	human consumption that has been processed from
6	sugar cane or sugar beets or in-process beet sugar
7	(whether such sugar beets or in-process beet sugar
8	was produced domestically or imported).
9	"(2) Exceptions.—Consistent with the admin-
10	istration of marketing allotments during crop years
11	2002 through 2007, the marketing allotments shall
12	not apply to sugar sold—
13	"(A) to facilitate the exportation of such
14	sugar to a foreign country, except that such ex-
15	ports of sugar shall not be eligible to receive
16	credits under re-export programs for refined
17	sugar or sugar containing products adminis-
18	tered by the Secretary;
19	"(B) to enable another processor to fulfill
20	an allocation established for such other proc-
21	essor, except that such sales must be made be-
22	fore May 1 and must be reported to the Sec-
23	retary; or
24	"(C) for uses other than domestic human
25	consumption.

1	"(d) Prohibitions.—
2	"(1) In general.—During any crop year or
3	portion thereof for which marketing allotments have
4	been established, no processor of sugar beets or sug-
5	arcane shall market for domestic human consump-
6	tion a quantity of sugar in excess of the allocation
7	established for such processor, except to enable an-
8	other processor to fulfill an allocation established for
9	such other processor or to facilitate the exportation
10	of such sugar.
11	"(2) CIVIL PENALTY.—Any processor who
12	knowingly violates paragraph (1) shall be liable to
13	the Commodity Credit Corporation for a civil penalty
14	in an amount equal to 3 times the United States
15	market value, at the time of the commission of the
16	violation, of that quantity of sugar involved in the
17	violation.
18	"(3) Definition of Market.—For purposes
19	of this part, the term 'market' shall mean to sell or
20	otherwise dispose of in commerce in the United
21	States, including—
22	"(A) the forfeiture of sugar under the loan
23	program for sugar under section 156 of the
24	Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform

Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7272) and such forfeited

25

1	sugar shall be deemed to have been marketed
2	during the crop year in which the loan was
3	made;
4	"(B) with respect to any integrated proc-
5	essor and refiner, the movement of raw cane
6	sugar into the refining process; and
7	"(C) the sale of sugar for the production
8	of ethanol or other bioenergy product, if such
9	ethanol or bioenergy product is the subject of a
0	payment under the feedstock flexibility program
1	for bioenergy producers.".
12	(c) Establishment.—Section 359c of the Agricul-
13	tural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359cc) is
14	amended—
5	(1) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
6	following new subsection:
7	"(b) Overall Allotment Quantity.—
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall estab-
9	lish the overall quantity of sugar to be allotted for
20	the crop year (in this part referred to as the 'overall
21	allotment quantity') at a level sufficient to maintain
22	raw and refined sugar prices above forfeiture levels
23	to avoid the forfeiture of sugar to the Commodity
24	Credit Corporation.

1	"(2) MINIMUM.—The overall allotment quantity
2	established under paragraph (1) may not be less
3	than 85 percent of the estimated quantity of sugar
4	for domestic human consumption for the crop year.
5	"(3) Adjustment.—Subject to paragraphs (1)
6	and (2), the Secretary shall adjust the overall allot-
7	ment quantity—
8	"(A) to maintain raw and refined sugar
9	prices above forfeiture levels to avoid the for-
10	feiture of sugar to the Commodity Credit Cor-
11	poration; and
12	"(B) to maintain adequate supplies of raw
13	and refined sugar in the domestic market.";
14	(2) in subsection (d)(2), by inserting before the
15	period the following: "or in-process beet sugar";
16	(3) in subsection (g)(1), by inserting at the end
17	the following new sentence: "However, the overall al-
18	lotment quantity may not be reduced to a quantity
19	less than 85 percent of the estimated quantity of
20	sugar for domestic human consumption for the crop
21	year."; and
22	(4) by striking subsection (h).
23	(d) Allocation of Marketing Allotments.—
24	Section 359d(b) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of
25	1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359dd(b)) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (1)(F), by striking "Except as
2	otherwise provided in section 359f(c)(8), if" and in-
3	serting "If"; and
4	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking subparagraphs
5	(H) and (I) and inserting the following new subpara-
6	graph:
7	"(H) NEW ENTRANTS STARTING PRODUC-
8	TION, REOPENING, OR ACQUIRING AN EXISTING
9	FACTORY WITH PRODUCTION HISTORY.—
10	"(i) Allocation for a new en-
11	TRANT THAT HAS CONSTRUCTED A NEW
12	FACTORY OR REOPENED A FACTORY THAT
13	WAS NOT OPERATING SINCE BEFORE
14	1998.—If a New Entrant constructs a new
15	sugar beet processing factory, or acquires
16	and reopens a sugar beet processing fac-
17	tory that last processed sugar beets prior
18	to the 1998 crop year and there is no allo-
19	cation currently associated with the fac-
20	tory, the Secretary shall—
21	"(I) assign an allocation for beet
22	sugar to the New Entrant that pro-
23	vides a fair and equitable distribution
24	of the allocations for beet sugar in
25	order to enable the New Entrant to

1	achieve a factory utilization rate com-
2	parable to the factory utilization rates
3	of other similarly situated processors;
4	and
5	(Π) reduce the allocations for
6	beet sugar of all other processors on
7	a pro rata basis to reflect the alloca-
8	tion to the New Entrant.
9	"(ii) Allocation for a new en-
10	TRANT THAT HAS ACQUIRED AN EXISTING
11	FACTORY WITH A PRODUCTION HISTORY.—
12	If a New Entrant acquires an existing fac-
13	tory that has processed sugar beets from
14	the 1998 or later crop years and has a
15	production history, then, upon the mutual
16	agreement of the New Entrant and the
17	company currently holding the allocation
18	associated with the factory, the Secretary
19	shall transfer to the New Entrant a por-
20	tion of allocation of the current allocation
21	holder to reflect the historical contribution
22	of the production of the acquired factory to
23	the total allocation of the current alloca-
24	tion holder. In the absence of mutual

1	agreement, the new entrant shall be ineli-
2	gible for a beet sugar allocation.
3	"(iii) Appeals.—Any decision made
4	under this subsection may be appealed to
5	the Secretary pursuant to section 359i.
6	"(iv) Definition.—In this subpara-
7	graph, the term 'New Entrant' means an
8	individual, corporation, or other entity that
9	does not have an allocation of the beet
10	sugar allotment under this part, is not af-
11	filiated with any other individual, corpora-
12	tion, or entity that has an allocation of
13	beet sugar under this part (known as a
14	'third party'), and will process sugar beets
15	produced by sugar beet growers under con-
16	tract with the New Entrant for the produc-
17	tion of sugar at the new or re-opened fac-
18	tory that is the basis for the New Entrant
19	allocation.
20	"(v) Affiliation.—For purposes of
21	this subparagraph, a New Entrant and a
22	third party shall be deemed to be 'affili-
23	ated' if—
24	"(I) the third party has an own-
25	ership interest in the New Entrant;

1	"(II) the New Entrant and the
2	third party have owners in common;
3	"(III) the third party has the
4	ability to exercise control over the
5	New Entrant by organizational rights,
6	contractual rights, or any other
7	means;
8	"(IV) the third party has a con-
9	tractual relationship with the New
10	Entrant by which the New Entrant
11	will make use of the facilities or assets
12	of such third party; or
13	"(V) any other similar cir-
14	cumstance exists by which the Sec-
15	retary determines that the New En-
16	trant and the third party are affili-
17	ated.".
18	(e) Reassignment of Deficits.—Section 359e(b)
19	of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C.
20	1359ee(b)) is amended in both paragraphs (1)(D) and
21	(2)(C) by inserting "of raw cane sugar" after "imports".
22	(f) Provisions Applicable to Producers.—Sec-
23	tion 359f(c) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938
24	(7 U.S.C. 1359ff(c)) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "quantity of
2	sugarcane" and inserting "quantity of sugar pro-
3	duced from sugarcane";
4	(2) in paragraph (5)(C), by inserting "for
5	sugar" before "in excess of the farm's proportionate
6	share'';
7	(3) in paragraph (7), by striking "amount of
8	sugarcane" and inserting "amount of sugar from
9	sugarcane"; and
10	(4) by striking paragraph (8) and inserting the
11	following new paragraph:
12	"(8) SEED DEFINITION.—In this subsection,
13	the term 'seed' includes only varieties of seed dedi-
14	cated to the production of sugarcane from which is
15	produced sugar for human consumption, and ex-
16	cludes seed of high-fiber cane varieties dedicated to
17	other uses, as determined by the Secretary.".
18	(g) Special Rules.—Section 359g of the Agricul-
19	tural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359gg) is
20	amended—
21	(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
22	following new subsection:
23	"(a) Transfer of Acreage Base History.—
24	"(1) Transfer authorized.—For the pur-
25	pose of establishing proportionate shares for sugar-

1	cane farms under section 359f(c), the Secretary, on
2	application of any producer, with the written consent
3	of all owners of a farm, may transfer the acreage
4	base history of the farm to any other parcels of land
5	of the applicant.
6	"(2) Converted acreage base.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Sugarcane base acre-
8	age established under section 359f(c) that has
9	been or is converted to non-agricultural use on
10	or after May 13, 2002, may be transferred to
11	other land suitable for the production of sugar-
12	cane that can be delivered to a processor in a
13	proportionate share State in accordance with
14	this paragraph.
15	"(B) Notification.—Not later than 90
16	days after the date of the enactment of [the
17	2007 Farm Bill], or the subsequent conversion
18	of sugarcane base acreage to a non-agricultural
19	use, the Secretary, acting through the Farm
20	Service Agency, shall notify the affected land-
21	owner (or landowners) of the transferability of
22	the applicable sugarcane base acreage.
23	"(C) Initial transfer period.—The
24	owner of the base attributable to the acreage at

the time of the conversion shall be afforded 90

1	days from the date of the receipt of the notifi-
2	cation under subparagraph (B) to transfer the
3	base to one or more farms owned by the owner.
4	"(D) Grower of Record.—If the trans-
5	fer under subparagraph (C) cannot be accom-
6	plished within the time period prescribed in
7	such subparagraph, then the grower of record
8	with regard to the base acreage on the date on
9	which the acreage was converted to non-agricul-
10	tural use shall be so notified, and shall be af-
11	forded 90 days from the date of the receipt of
12	such notification to transfer the base to one or
13	more farms operated by the grower.
14	"(E) POOL DISTRIBUTION.—If the trans-
15	fers under subparagraphs (B) and (C) cannot
16	be accomplished within the time periods pre-
17	scribed therein, then the county committee for
18	the applicable parish shall place the acreage
19	base in a pool for possible assignment to other
20	farms. After providing reasonable notice to
21	farm owners, operators, and growers of record
22	in the parish, the county committee shall accept
23	requests from owners, operators, and growers of
24	record in the parish. The county committee

shall assign the base to other farms in the par-

1	ish that are eligible and capable of accepting
2	such base, based on a random drawing from
3	among the requests received from owners, oper-
4	ators, and growers of record with eligible farms
5	"(F) STATEWIDE REALLOCATION.—Any
6	base remaining unassigned after the processes
7	in subparagraphs (A) through (E) shall be
8	made available to the State committee for allo-
9	cation among the remaining county committees
10	in the State representing parishes with farms
11	eligible for assignment of the base. The remain-
12	ing base shall be reallocated to requesting coun-
13	ty committees based on a random drawing. Any
14	county committee receiving base under this sub-
15	paragraph shall allocate the base to eligible
16	farms using the process described in subpara-
17	graph (E).
18	"(G) Status of reassigned base.—
19	Once reassigned pursuant to this paragraph
20	the acreage base shall remain on the farm, and
21	will be subject to the transfer provisions of
22	paragraph (1).";
23	(2) by striking subsection (d) and inserting the
24	following new subsection:
25	"(d) Transfers of Mill Allocations.—

1	"(1) Transfer authorized.—A producer in a
2	proportionate share State, upon written consent
3	from all affected crop-share owners (or the rep-
4	resentative of the crop-share owners) of a farm may
5	deliver sugarcane to another processing company if
6	the additional delivery, when combined with such
7	other processing company's existing deliveries, does
8	not exceed the processing capacity of the company.
9	"(2) Allocation adjustment.—Notwith-
10	standing section 359d, the Secretary shall adjust the
11	allocations of each of such processing companies af-
12	fected by a transfer under paragraph (1) to reflect
13	the change in deliveries, based on—
14	"(A) the number of acres of sugarcane
15	base being transferred; and
16	"(B) the pro-rata amount of allocation at
17	the processing company holding the applicable
18	allocation that equals the grower's contribution
19	to the processing company's allocation for the
20	sugarcane base acres being transferred.".
21	(h) Appeals.—Section 359i of the Agricultural Ad-
22	justment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359ii) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting "or 359g(d)"
24	after "359f"; and
25	(2) by striking subsection (c).

1	(i) Administration of Tariff Rate Quotas.—
2	The Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 is amended by
3	striking section 359k (7 U.S.C. 1359kk) and inserting the
4	following new section:
5	"SEC. 359k. ADMINISTRATION OF TARIFF RATE QUOTAS.
6	"(a) Establishment.—Notwithstanding any other
7	provision of law, at the beginning of the quota year, the
8	Secretary shall establish the tariff-rate quotas for raw
9	cane sugar and refined sugars at the minimum necessary
10	to comply with obligations under international trade
11	agreements that have been approved by the Congress. This
12	subsection shall not apply to specialty sugar.
13	"(b) Adjustment.—
14	"(1) Before April 1.—
15	"(A) Initial adjustment required.—
16	Before April 1 of a fiscal year, in the event that
17	there is an emergency shortage of sugar in the
8	United States market that is caused by war,
9	floods, hurricanes, or other natural disaster, or
20	other similar event, the Secretary shall take ac-
21	tion to increase supply as provided under sec-
22	tions 359c(b)(2) and 359e(b), including an in-
23	crease in the tariff-rate quota for raw cane
24	sugar to accommodate the reassignment to im-
25	ports.

1	"(B) Additional adjustment.—If, after
2	adjustment under subparagraph (A), there is
3	still a shortage of sugar in the United States
4	market, and marketings of domestic sugar have
5	been maximized, the Secretary may increase the
6	tariff-rate quota for refined sugars sufficient to
7	accommodate the supply increase, if such fur-
8	ther increase will not threaten to result in the
9	forfeiture of sugar pledged as collateral for a
10	loan under section 156 of the Federal Agri-
11	culture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996
12	(7 U.S.C. 7272).
13	"(2) On or after april 1.—
14	"(A) Initial adjustment author-
15	IZED.—On or after April 1 of a fiscal year, the
16	Secretary may take action to increase supply as
17	provided under sections 359c(b)(2) and
18	359e(b), including an increase in the tariff-rate
19	quota for raw cane sugar to accommodate the
20	reassignment to imports.
21	"(B) Additional adjustment.—If, after
22	adjustment under subparagraph (A), there is
23	still a shortage of sugar in the United States
24	market, and marketings of domestic sugar have
25	been maximized, the Secretary may increase the

1	tariff-rate quota for raw cane sugar if such fur-
2	ther increase will not threaten to result in the
3	forfeiture of sugar pledged as collateral for a
4	loan under section 156 of the Federal Agri-
5	culture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996
6	(7 U.S.C. 7272).
7	"(c) Orderly Shipping Patterns for Major
8	Suppliers.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agri-
10	culture shall establish orderly shipping patterns for
11	major suppliers of sugar to the United States under
12	the tariff rate quotas in accordance with this sub-
13	section.
14	"(2) Very large major suppliers.—If a
15	country holds quota allocations of at least 100,000
16	metric tons of sugar, the Secretary shall allow the
17	country to export up to 25 percent of the country's
18	quota allocation to the United States in each cal-
19	endar quarter. Sugar permitted to enter into the
20	United States in a calendar quarter, but not actually
21	entered in that quarter, may be entered into the
22	United States at any time during the remainder of
23	the fiscal year.
24	"(3) Large major suppliers.—For countries
25	holding quota allocations of more than 45,000 met-

- 1 ric tons of sugar, but less than 100,000 metric tons
- 2 of sugar, the Secretary shall require that the coun-
- 3 try may ship not more than 50 percent of the coun-
- 4 try's quota sugar to the United States in the first
- 5 six months of the year.".
- 6 (j) Effective Date.—The Agricultural Adjustment
- 7 Act of 1938 is amended by inserting after section 359k
- 8 (7 U.S.C. 1359kk) the following new section:
- 9 "SEC. 3591. EFFECTIVE PERIOD.
- 10 "This part shall be effective only for the 2008
- 11 through 2012 crop years for sugar.".
- 12 (k) Transition.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall
- 13 administer flexible marketing allotments for sugar for the
- 14 2007 crop year for sugar on the terms and conditions pro-
- 15 vided in part VII of title III of the Agricultural Adjust-
- 16 ment Act of 1938, as in effect on the day before the date
- 17 of the enactment of this Act.

18 Subtitle D—Dairy-Related

- 19 **Provisions**
- 20 SEC. 1401. DAIRY PRODUCT PRICE SUPPORT PROGRAM.
- 21 (a) SUPPORT ACTIVITIES.—During the period begin-
- 22 ning on January 1, 2008, through December 31, 2012,
- 23 the Secretary of Agriculture shall support the price of
- 24 cheddar cheese, butter, and nonfat dry milk through the

1	purchase of such products made from milk produced in
2	the United States.
3	(b) Purchase Price.—To carry out subsection (a)
4	during the period specified in such subsection, the Sec-
5	retary shall purchase—
6	(1) cheddar cheese in blocks at not less than
7	\$1.13 per pound;
8	(2) cheddar cheese in barrels at not less than
9	\$1.10 per pound;
10	(3) butter at not less than \$1.05 per pound;
11	and
12	(4) nonfat dry milk at not less than \$0.80 per
13	pound.
14	(e) Temporary Price Adjustment to Avoid Ex-
15	CESS INVENTORIES.—
16	(1) Adjustments authorized.—The Sec-
17	retary may adjust the minimum purchase prices es-
18	tablished under subsection (b) only as permitted
19	under this subsection.
20	(2) Cheese inventories in excess of 200
21	MILLION POUNDS.—If net removals for a period of
22	12 consecutive months exceed 200 million pounds of
23	cheese, but do not exceed 400 million pounds, the
24	Secretary may reduce the purchase prices under
25	paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) during the

- immediately following month by not more than 10 cents per pound. (3) Cheese inventories in excess of 400 MILLION POUNDS.—If net removals for a period of 12 consecutive months exceed 400 million pounds of cheese, the Secretary may reduce the purchase prices under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) during the immediately following month by not more than 20 cents per pound.
 - (4) BUTTER INVENTORIES IN EXCESS OF 450 MILLION POUNDS.—If net removals for a period of 12 consecutive months exceed 450 million pounds of butter, but do not exceed 650 million pounds, the Secretary may reduce the purchase price under subsection (b)(3) during the immediately following month by not more than 10 cents per pound.
 - (5) BUTTER INVENTORIES IN EXCESS OF 650 MILLION POUNDS.—If net removals for a period of 12 consecutive months exceed 650 million pounds of butter, the Secretary may reduce the purchase price under subsection (b)(3) during the immediately following month by not more than 20 cents per pound.
 - (6) Nonfat dry milk inventories in excess of 600 million pounds.—If net removals for a period of 12 consecutive months exceed 600 mil-

- lion pounds of nonfat dry milk, but do not exceed
 800 million pounds, the Secretary may reduce the
 purchase price under subsection (b)(4) during the
 immediately following month by not more than 5
 cents per pound.
- (7) Nonfat dry milk inventories in exCESS OF 800 MILLION POUNDS.—If net removals for
 a period of 12 consecutive months exceed 800 million pounds of nonfat dry milk, the Secretary may
 reduce the purchase price under subsection (b)(4)
 during the immediately following month by not more
 than 10 cents per pound.
- 13 (d) UNIFORM PURCHASE PRICE.—The prices that
 14 the Secretary pays for cheese, butter, or nonfat dry milk,
 15 respectively, under subsection (a) shall be uniform for all
 16 regions of the United States.
- (e) SALES FROM INVENTORIES.—In the case of each commodity specified in subsection (b) that is available for unrestricted use in inventories of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary may sell the commodity at the market prices prevailing for that commodity at the time of sale, except that the sale price may not be less than 110 percent of the minimum purchase price specified in subsection (b) for that commodity.

1	(f) Net Removals Defined.—In this section, the
2	term "net removals" means—
3	(1) the sum of the quantity of a product de-
4	scribed in subsection (a) purchased by the Com-
5	modity Credit Corporation under this section and
6	the quantity of such product exported under section
7	153 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (15 U.S.C.
8	713a–14); less
9	(2) the amount of such product sold for unre-
10	stricted use by the Commodity Credit Corporation.
11	(g) Commodity Credit Corporation.—The Sec-
12	retary shall use the funds of the Commodity Credit Cor-
13	poration to carry out this section.
14	SEC. 1402. DAIRY FORWARD PRICING PROGRAM.
15	(a) Program Required.—Section 23 of the Agricul-
16	tural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 627), reenacted with
17	amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement
18	Act of 1937, is amended to read as follows:
19	"SEC. 23. DAIRY FORWARD PRICING PROGRAM.
20	"(a) Program Required.—The Secretary of Agri-
21	culture shall establish a program under which milk pro-
22	ducers and cooperative associations of producers are au-
23	thorized to voluntarily enter into forward price contracts
24	with milk handlers.

1	"(b) Minimum Milk Price Requirements.—Pay-
2	ments made by milk handlers to milk producers and coop-
3	erative associations of producers, and prices received by
4	milk producers and cooperative associations, in accordance
5	with the terms of a forward price contract authorized by
6	subsection (a), shall be deemed to satisfy—
7	"(1) all uniform and minimum milk price re-
8	quirements of paragraphs (B) and (F) of subsection
9	(5) of section 8c; and
10	"(2) the total payment requirement of para-
11	graph (C) of such subsection.
12	"(c) Milk Covered by Program.—
13	"(1) COVERED MILK.—The program shall apply
14	only with respect to the marketing of federally regu-
15	lated milk that—
16	"(A) is not classified as Class I milk or
17	otherwise intended for fluid use; and
18	"(B) is in the current of interstate or for-
19	eign commerce or directly burdens, obstructs, or
20	affects interstate or foreign commerce in feder-
21	ally regulated milk.
22	"(2) Relation to class I milk.—To assist
23	milk handlers in complying with the limitation in
24	paragraph (1)(A) without having to segregate or
25	otherwise individually track the source and disposi-

1	tion of milk, a milk handler may allocate milk re-
2	ceipts from producers, cooperatives, and other
3	sources that are not subject to a forward contract to
4	satisfy the handler's obligations with regard to Class
5	I milk usage.
6	"(d) Voluntary Program; Alternative
7	Offer.—A milk handler may not require participation in
8	the program under this section as a condition of the han-
9	dler receiving milk from a producer or cooperative associa-
10	tion of producers. Any offer of a forward pricing contract
11	under subsection (a) by a milk handler to a producer or
12	cooperative association shall include, as an alternative, an
13	offer to receive and purchase the same volume of milk
14	under the same terms, except at the minimum prices oth-
15	erwise applicable under the Federal milk marketing order.
16	"(e) Duration of Program.—
17	"(1) Duration.—Subject to paragraph (2), the
18	authority of the Secretary of Agriculture to carry
19	out the program under this section terminates on
20	September 30, 2012. No forward price contract en-
21	tered into under the program may extend beyond
22	September 30, 2013.
23	"(2) Early Termination.—If the Secretary
24	determines that the program is operating in conflict
25	with other provisions of this Act, the Secretary may

- 1 terminate the program before the date specified in
- 2 paragraph (1).".
- 3 (b) Time for Establishment.—The dairy forward
- 4 pricing program required by section 23 of the Agricultural
- 5 Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 627), reenacted with amend-
- 6 ments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of
- 7 1937, as amended by subsection (a), shall be established
- 8 not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment
- 9 of this Act.

15 SEC. 1403. DAIRY EXPORT INCENTIVE PROGRAM.

- 16 (a) Extension.—Subsection (a) of section 153 of
- 17 the Food Security Act of 1985 (15 U.S.C. 713a-14) is
- 18 amended by striking "2007" and inserting "2012".
- 19 (b) Compliance With Trade Agreements.—Sec-
- 20 tion 153 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (15 U.S.C.
- 21 713a-14) is amended—
- 22 (1) in subsection (c), by striking paragraph (3)
- and inserting the following new paragraph:
- 24 "(3) the maximum volume of dairy product ex-
- ports allowable consistent with the obligations of the

1	United States under the Uruguay Round Agree-
2	ments approved under section 101 of the Uruguay
3	Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3511) is exported
4	under the program each year (minus the volume sold
5	under section 1163 of this Act (Public Law 99–198;
6	7 U.S.C. 1731 note) during that year), except to the
7	extent that the export of such a volume under the
8	program would, in the judgment of the Secretary,
9	exceed the limitations on the value set forth in sub-
10	section (f); and"; and.
11	(2) in subsection (f), by striking paragraph (1)
12	and inserting the following new paragraph:
13	"(1) Funds and commodities.—Except as
14	provided in paragraph (2), the Commodity Credit
15	Corporation shall in each year use money and com-
16	modities for the program under this section in the
17	maximum amount consistent with the obligations of
18	the United States under the Uruguay Round Agree-
19	ments approved under section 101 of the Uruguay
20	Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3511), minus the
21	amount expended under section 1163 of this Act
22	(Public Law 99–198; 7 U.S.C. 1731 note) during
23	that year.".

1	SEC. 1404. REVISION OF FEDERAL MARKETING ORDER
2	AMENDMENT PROCEDURES.
3	Subsection (17) of section 8c of the Agricultural Ad-
4	justment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments
5	by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"(17) Provisions Applicable to Amendments.—
8	"(A) APPLICABILITY TO AMENDMENTS.—The
9	provisions of this section and section 8d, applicable
10	to orders shall be applicable to amendments to or-
11	ders.
12	"(B) ADVANCE NOTICE OF HEARING.—Notice
13	of a hearing upon a proposed amendment to any
14	order issued pursuant to this section shall be given
15	not less than 3 days before the date fixed for the
16	hearing, and such notice shall be deemed to be due
17	notice of the hearing.
18	"(C) Prompt response to requests for
19	AMENDMENT HEARINGS.—Not more than 30 days
20	after receipt of a written request for an amendment
21	hearing regarding a milk marketing order, the Sec-
22	retary shall—
23	"(i) issue a denial of the request; or
24	"(ii) issue notice of the hearing, which
25	shall begin no more than 60 days, and conclude

1	no more than 90 days, after receipt of the re-
2	quest.
3	"(D) Submission and use of evidence.—
4	The proponents of any amendment proposed to be
5	made to a milk marketing order shall file with the
6	Secretary all testimony and other evidence in sup-
7	port of the amendment, in written form, at least 7
8	business days before the date fixed for the hearing.
9	The Secretary shall make such written testimony
10	and other evidence available to interested members
11	of the public. Subject to any evidentiary objections
12	and cross examination of submitting witness, the
13	written testimony and evidence shall be entered into
14	evidence without being read at the hearing.
15	"(E) ISSUANCE OF DECISION.—The Secretary
16	shall issue a recommended decision on a proposed
17	amendment to a milk marketing order not later than
18	90 days after the date set by the Administrative
19	Law Judge for the submission of post-hearing pro-
20	posed findings and conclusions and written argu-
21	ments or briefs. The final decision shall be issued
22	not later than 60 days after the date on which the
23	recommended decision was issued.
24	"(F) AVOIDING DUPLICATION.—The Secretary
25	shall not be required to call a hearing on any

- 1 amendment proposed to be made to a milk mar-
- 2 keting order in response to an application for a
- 3 hearing on such proposed amendment if the applica-
- 4 tion requesting the hearing is received by the Sec-
- 5 retary within 90 days after the date on which the
- 6 Secretary has announced the decision on a pre-
- 7 viously proposed amendment to that order and the
- 8 two proposed amendments are essentially the
- 9 same.".
- 10 SEC. 1405. DAIRY INDEMNITY PROGRAM.
- 11 Section 3 of Public Law 90–484 (7 U.S.C. 450*l*) is
- 12 amended by striking "2007" and inserting "2012".
- 13 SEC. 1406. EXTENSION OF MILK INCOME LOSS CONTRACT
- 14 PROGRAM.
- 15 Section 1502(c)(3)(B) of the Farm Security and
- 16 Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 7982(c)(3)(B)),
- 17 as amended by section 9006(a) of the U.S. Troop Readi-
- 18 ness, Veterans' Care, Katrina Recovery, and Iraq Ac-
- 19 countability Appropriations Act, 2007 (Public Law 110-
- 20 28, 121 Stat. 217), is amended by striking "2007" and
- 21 inserting "2012".
- 22 SEC. 1407. DAIRY PROMOTION AND RESEARCH PROGRAM.
- 23 (a) Extension of Promotion Authority.—Sec-
- 24 tion 113(e)(2) of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act

- 1 of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 4504(e)(2)) is amended by striking
- 2 "2007" and inserting "2012".
- 3 (b) Definition of United States for Pro-
- 4 MOTION PROGRAM.—Section 111 of the Dairy Production
- 5 Stabilization Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 4502) is amended—
- 6 (1) by striking subsection (l) and inserting the
- 7 following new subsection:
- 8 "(l) the term 'United States', when used in a geo-
- 9 graphical sense, means all of the States, the District of
- 10 Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;"; and
- 11 (2) in subsection (m), by striking "(as defined
- in subsection (l))".
- 13 (c) Definition of United States for Research
- 14 Program.—Section 130 of the Dairy Production Sta-
- 15 bilization Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 4531)) is amended by
- 16 striking paragraph (12) and inserting the following new
- 17 paragraph:
- 18 "(12) the term 'United States', when used in a
- 19 geographical sense, means all of the States, the Dis-
- 20 trict of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto
- 21 Rico.".

1	SEC. 1408. REPORT ON DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE RE-
2	PORTING PROCEDURES FOR NONFAT DRY
3	MILK.
4	Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
5	ment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit
6	to Congress a report regarding Department of Agriculture
7	reporting procedures for nonfat dry milk and the impact
8	of these procedures on Federal milk marketing order min-
9	imum prices during the period beginning on July 1, 2006,
10	and ending on the date of the enactment of this Act.
11	Subtitle E—Administration
12	SEC. 1501. ADMINISTRATION GENERALLY.
13	(a) Use of Commodity Credit Corporation.—
14	The Secretary shall use the funds, facilities, and authori-
15	ties of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out this
16	title.
17	(b) Determinations by Secretary.—A deter-
18	mination made by the Secretary under this title shall be
19	final and conclusive.
20	(c) REGULATIONS.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
22	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
23	and the Commodity Credit Corporation, as appro-
24	priate, shall promulgate such regulations as are nec-
25	essary to implement this title.

1	(2) Procedure.—The promulgation of the reg-
2	ulations and administration of this title shall be
3	made without regard to—
4	(A) chapter 35 of title 44, United States
5	Code (commonly known as the "Paperwork Re-
6	duction Act");
7	(B) the Statement of Policy of the Sec-
8	retary of Agriculture effective July 24, 1971
9	(36 Fed. Reg. 13804), relating to notices of
10	proposed rulemaking and public participation in
11	rulemaking; and
12	(C) the notice and comment provisions of
13	section 553 of title 5, United States Code.
14	(3) Congressional review of agency rule-
15	MAKING.—In carrying out this subsection, the Sec-
16	retary shall use the authority provided under section
17	808 of title 5, United States Code.
18	(d) Adjustment Authority Related to Trade
19	AGREEMENTS COMPLIANCE.—
20	(1) REQUIRED DETERMINATION; ADJUST-
21	MENT.—If the Secretary determines that expendi-
22	tures under subtitles A through E that are subject
23	to the total allowable domestic support levels under
24	the Uruguay Round Agreements (as defined in sec-
25	tion 2 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (19

1	U.S.C. 3501)), as in effect on the date of enactment
2	of this Act, will exceed such allowable levels for any
3	applicable reporting period, the Secretary shall, to
4	the maximum extent practicable, make adjustments
5	in the amount of such expenditures during that pe-
6	riod to ensure that such expenditures do not exceed
7	such allowable levels.
8	(2) Congressional notification.—Before
9	making any adjustment under paragraph (1), the
10	Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agri-
11	culture of the House of Representatives or the Com-
12	mittee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of
13	the Senate a report describing the determination
14	made under that paragraph and the extent of the
15	adjustment to be made.
16	SEC. 1502. SUSPENSION OF PERMANENT PRICE SUPPORT
17	AUTHORITY.
18	(a) AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ACT OF 1938.—
19	The following provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment
20	Act of 1938 shall not be applicable to the 2008 through
21	2012 crops of covered commodities, peanuts, and sugar
22	and shall not be applicable to milk during the period be-
23	ginning on the date of enactment of this Act through De-
24	cember 31, 2012:

1	(1) Parts II through V of subtitle B of title III
2	(7 U.S.C. 1326 et seq.).
3	(2) In the case of upland cotton, section 377 (7
4	U.S.C. 1377).
5	(3) Subtitle D of title III (7 U.S.C. 1379a et
6	seq.).
7	(4) Title IV (7 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.).
8	(b) AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1949.—The following
9	provisions of the Agricultural Act of 1949 shall not be ap-
10	plicable to the 2008 through 2012 crops of covered com-
11	modities, peanuts, and sugar and shall not be applicable
12	to milk during the period beginning on the date of enact-
13	ment of this Act and through December 31, 2012:
14	(1) Section 101 (7 U.S.C. 1441).
15	(2) Section 103(a) (7 U.S.C. 1444(a)).
16	(3) Section 105 (7 U.S.C. 1444b).
17	(4) Section 107 (7 U.S.C. 1445a).
18	(5) Section 110 (7 U.S.C. 1445e).
19	(6) Section 112 (7 U.S.C. 1445g).
20	(7) Section 115 (7 U.S.C. 1445k).
21	(8) Section 201 (7 U.S.C. 1446).
22	(9) Title III (7 U.S.C. 1447 et seq.).
23	(10) Title IV (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), other
24	than sections 404, 412, and 416 (7 U.S.C. 1424,
25	1429, and 1431).

1	(11) Title V (7 U.S.C. 1461 et seq.).
2	(12) Title VI (7 U.S.C. 1471 et seq.).
3	(c) Suspension of Certain Quota Provisions.—
4	The joint resolution entitled "A joint resolution relating
5	to corn and wheat marketing quotas under the Agricul-
6	tural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended", approved
7	May 26, 1941 (7 U.S.C. 1330 and 1340), shall not be
8	applicable to the crops of wheat planted for harvest in the
9	calendar years 2008 through 2012.
10	SEC. 1503. PAYMENT LIMITATIONS.
11	(a) Extension.—Sections 1001 and 1001C(a) of the
12	Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308, 1308–3(a))
13	are amended by striking "Farm Security and Rural In-
14	vestment Act of 2002" each place it appears (other than
15	in subsection $(d)(1)$ of section 1001 of such Act) and in-
16	serting "[2007 Farm Bill]".
17	(b) Conforming Amendments Related to Pea-
18	NUTS.—Section 1001 of the Food Security Act of 1985
19	(7 U.S.C. 1308) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a)—
21	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting before
22	the period the following: ", except that the term
23	does not include peanuts"; and
24	(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting "pea-
25	nuts," after "include";

1	(2) in subsection (b)(2), by striking "under sub-
2	title C" and inserting "for peanuts under subtitle
3	A'';
4	(3) in subsection (c)(2), by striking "under sub-
5	title C" and inserting "for peanuts under subtitle
6	A''; and
7	(4) in subsection $(d)(2)$ —
8	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or
9	C"; and
10	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking
11	"those subtitles" and inserting "that subtitle".
12	SEC. 1504. ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME LIMITATION.
13	Section 1001D of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7
14	U.S.C. 1308–3a) is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (b)(2), by striking "Farm Se-
16	curity and Rural Investment Act of 2002" each
17	place it appears and inserting "[2007 Farm Bill]";
18	and
19	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "2007" and
20	inserting "2012".
21	SEC. 1505. ADJUSTMENTS OF LOANS.
22	Section 162 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement
23	and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7282) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting "(except for
2	cotton and long grain, medium grain, and short
3	grain rice)" after "commodity";
4	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "Farm Secu-
5	rity and Rural Investment Act of 2002" and insert-
6	ing "[2007 Farm Bill]"; and
7	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
8	sections:
9	"(d) Adjustment in Loan Rate for Cotton.—
10	"(1) Adjustment authority.—The Secretary
11	may make appropriate adjustments in the loan rate
12	for cotton for differences in quality factors.
13	"(2) Revisions to quality adjustments
14	FOR UPLAND COTTON.—
15	"(A) REVISION.—Within 180 days after
16	the date of the enactment of the $[2007]$ Farm
17	Bill, the Secretary, after consultation with the
18	private sector as provided in paragraph (3),
19	shall implement revisions in the administration
20	of the marketing assistance loan program for
21	upland cotton to more accurately and efficiently
22	reflect market values for upland cotton.
23	"(B) Mandatory revisions.—The revi-
24	sions required under subparagraph (A) shall in-
25	clude the following:

1	"(i) The elimination or adjustment of
2	warehouse location differentials to reflect
3	market conditions.
4	"(ii) The establishment of differentials
5	for the various quality factors and staple
6	lengths of cotton based on a three-year,
7	weighted moving average of the weighted
8	designated spot market regions as deter-
9	mined by regional production.
10	"(iii) The elimination of any artificial
11	split in the premium or discount between
12	upland cotton with a 32 or 33 staple
13	length due to micronaire;
14	"(iv) A mechanism to ensure that no
15	premium or discount is established that ex-
16	ceeds the premium or discount associated
17	with a leaf grade that is one better than
18	the applicable color grade.
19	"(C) DISCRETIONARY REVISIONS.—The re-
20	visions under subparagraph (A) may include, at
21	a minimum, the following:
22	"(i) The use of non-spot market price
23	data, in addition to spot market price data,
24	that would enhance the accuracy of the

1	price information used in determining
2	quality adjustments under this subsection.
3	"(ii) Adjustments in the premiums or
4	discounts associated with upland cotton
5	with a staple length of 33 or above due to
6	micronaire with the goal of eliminating any
7	unnecessary artificial splits in the calcula-
8	tions of such premiums or discounts.
9	"(iii) Such other adjustments deter-
10	mined appropriate by the Secretary, after
11	consultations conducted in accordance with
12	paragraph (3).
13	"(3) Consultation with private sector.—
14	"(A) Prior to Revision.—Prior to imple-
15	menting any revisions to the administration of
16	the marketing assistance loan program for up-
17	land cotton, the Secretary should endeavor to
18	consult with an existing private sector com-
19	mittee whose membership includes representa-
20	tives of the production, ginning, warehousing,
21	cooperative, and merchandising segments of the
22	United States cotton industry and that has de-
23	veloped recommendations concerning such revi-
24	sions.

1	"(B) Upon review.—The Secretary shall
2	also consult with the committee referred to in
3	subparagraph (A) when conducting a review of
4	adjustments in the operation of the loan pro-
5	gram as provided in paragraph (4).
6	"(C) Inapplicability of federal advi-
7	SORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory
8	Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply
9	to consultations under this paragraph with the
10	committee referred to in subparagraph (A).
11	"(4) REVIEW OF ADJUSTMENTS.—The Sec-
12	retary may review the operation of the upland cotton
13	quality adjustments implemented pursuant to this
14	subsection and may make further revisions to the
15	administration of the loan program, by either revok-
16	ing or revising the actions taken pursuant to para-
17	graph (2)(B) or by revoking or revising any actions
18	taken or authorized to be taken under paragraph
19	(2)(B).
20	"(5) Adjustments in effect prior to revi-
21	SION.—The quality differences (premiums and dis-
22	counts for quality factors) applicable to the upland
23	cotton loan program (prior to any revisions in ac-
24	cordance with this subsection) shall be established
25	by the Secretary by giving equal weight—

1	"(A) to loan differences for the preceding
2	erop; and
3	"(B) to market differences for such crop in
4	the designated United States spot markets.
5	"(e) RICE LIMITATION.—With respect to long grain
6	rice and medium and short grain rice, the Secretary shall
7	not make adjustments in the loan rates for such commod-
8	ities, except for differences in grade and quality (including
9	milling yields).".
10	SEC. 1506. PERSONAL LIABILITY OF PRODUCERS FOR DEFI-
11	CIENCIES.
12	Section 164 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement
13	and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7284) is amended by
14	striking "Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of
15	2002" each place it appears and inserting "[2007 Farm
16	Bill]".
17	SEC. 1507. EXTENSION OF EXISTING ADMINISTRATIVE AU-
18	THORITY REGARDING LOANS.
19	Section 166 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement
20	and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7286) is amended in
21	subsections (a) and (c)(1) by striking "subtitle B and C
22	of title I of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act
23	of 2002" each place it appears and inserting "subtitle B $$
24	of title I of the [2007 Farm Bill]".

1 SEC. 1508. ASSIGNMENT OF PAYMENTS.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The provisions of section 8(g) of
- 3 the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16
- 4 U.S.C. 590h(g)), relating to assignment of payments, shall
- 5 apply to payments made under the authority of this title.
- 6 (b) Notice.—The producer making the assignment,
- 7 or the assignee, shall provide the Secretary with notice,
- 8 in such manner as the Secretary may require, of any as-
- 9 signment made under this section.

10 SEC. 1509. TRACKING OF BENEFITS.

- 11 As soon as practicable after the date of enactment
- 12 of this Act, the Secretary shall track the benefits provided,
- 13 directly or indirectly, to individuals and entities under ti-
- 14 tles I and II and the amendments made by those titles.
- 15 SEC. 1510. UPLAND COTTON STORAGE PAYMENTS.
- Beginning with the 2012 crop of upland cotton, the
- 17 Secretary may not use the funds of the Commodity Credit
- 18 Corporation to pay storage, handling, and other costs as-
- 19 sociated with the storage of upland cotton for which a
- 20 marketing assistance loan is made under section 1201.
- 21 SEC. 1511. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATION OF COTTON PRICE
- 22 FORECASTS.
- 23 Section 15 of the Agricultural Marketing Act (12
- 24 U.S.C. 1141j) is amended by striking subsection (d).

1	SEC. 1512. MANDATORY REPORTING FOR PEANUTS.
2	Subtitle A of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946
3	(7 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
4	the following new section:
5	"SEC. 209. MANDATORY REPORTING FOR PEANUTS.
6	"(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to es-
7	tablish a program of information regarding the marketing
8	of farmer stock peanuts that—
9	"(1) provides information that can be readily
10	understood by producers and other market partici-
1	pants, including information with respect to prices
12	and quantities purchased;
13	"(2) improves the price and supply reporting
4	services of the Department of Agriculture; and
5	"(3) encourages competition in the marketplace
6	for farmer stock peanuts.
7	"(b) Establishment.—The Secretary shall estab-
8	lish a program of mandatory reporting of information re-
9	lated to the sale of peanuts by purchasers of farmer stock
20	peanuts that—
21	"(1) provides timely, accurate, and reliable
22	market information on farmer stock peanuts;
23	"(2) facilitates informed marketing decisions;
24	and
25	"(3) promotes competition in the peanut indus-
26	try.

1	"(c) Administration.—Subsection (c) of section
2	273 shall apply with respect to the program of mandatory
3	reporting required by this section, and, for purposes of
4	carrying out the program—
5	"(1) the references in such subsection to sub-
6	title C shall be deemed to refer to this section; and
7	"(2) the recordkeeping requirements in para-
8	graph (6) of such subsection shall be deemed to
9	refer to farmer stock peanuts.
10	"(d) Definitions.—In this section:
11	"(1) FARMER STOCK PEANUTS.—The term
12	'farmer stock peanuts' means raw, in-shell peanuts
13	purchased from farmers in a first point of sale
14	transaction.
15	"(2) BUYER.—The term 'buyer' means any per-
16	son engaged in the business of buying farmer stock
17	peanuts from peanut farmers.
18	"(3) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary' means
19	the Secretary of Agriculture.
20	"(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
21	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
22	necessary to carry out this section.".